Tips, Formulae and shortcuts for Sets and Venn diagrams

By



Cracku Tip 1 – Sets and Venn diagrams

- Its one of the easiest topics of CAT.
- Most of the formulae in this section can be deduced logically with little effort.
- The difficult part of the problem is translating the sentences into areas of the Venn diagram.
- While solving, pay careful attention to phrases like and, or, not, only, in as these generally signify the relationship.

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Cracku Tip 2 – Sets and Venn diagrams

- Set is defined as a collection of well-defined objects.
 Ex. Set of whole numbers
- Every object is called Element of the set.
- The number of elements in the set is called cardinal number

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Cracku Tip 3 – Sets and Venn diagrams

Types of Sets

1. Null set:

A set with zero or no elements is called Null set. It is denoted by { } or \emptyset . Null set cardinal number is 0

2. Singleton set:

Sets with only one element in them are called singleton sets. Ex. $\{2\}, \{a\}, \{0\}$

3. Finite and Infinite set:

A set having finite number of elements is called finite set. A set having infinite or uncountable elements in it is called infinite set.

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Types of Sets

4. Universal set:

A set which contains all the elements of all the sets and all the other sets in it, is called universal set.

5. <u>Subset:</u>

A set is said to be subset of another set if all the elements contained in it are also part of another set. Ex. If $A = \{1,2\}$, $B = \{1,2,3,4\}$ then, Set "A" is said to be subset of set B.

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Types of Sets

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6. Equal sets:

Two sets are said to be equal sets when they contain same elements Ex. $A = \{a,b,c\}$ and $B = \{a,b,c\}$ then A and B are called equal sets.

7. Disjoint sets:

When two sets have no elements in common then the two sets are called disjoint sets Ex. A = $\{1,2,3\}$ and B = $\{6,8,9\}$ then A and B are disjoint sets.

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Cracku Tip 6 – Sets and Venn diagrams

Types of Sets

8. Power set:

- A power set is defined as the collection of all the subsets of a set and is denoted by P(A)
- If $A = \{a,b\}$ then $P(A) = \{\{b\}, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a,b\}\}$
- For a set having n elements, the number of subsets are 2ⁿ

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Cracku Tip 7 – Sets and Venn diagrams

Properties of Sets:

- The null set is a subset of all sets
- Every set is subset of itself
- A U (BUC) = (AUB) U C
- $A \cap (B \cap C) = (A \cap B) \cap C$
- A U $(B \cap C) = (AUB) \cap (AUC)$
- $A \cap (BUC) = (A \cap B) U (A \cap C)$
- $A U \emptyset = A$

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Cracku Tip 8 – Sets and Venn diagrams

Venn diagrams: A Venn diagram is a figure to represent various sets and their relationship.



I,II,III are the elements in only A, only B and only C respectively

- IV Elements which are in all of A, B and C.
- V Elements which are in A and B but not in C.
- VI Elements which are in A and C but not in B.
- VII Elements which are in B and C but not in A.
- VIII Elements which are not in either A or B or C.

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Cracku Tip 9 – Sets and Venn diagrams

Union of sets is defined as the collection of elements either in A or B or both. It is represented by symbol "U". Intersection of set is the collection of elements which are in both A and B.

• Let there are two sets A and B then,

 $n(AUB) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$

• If there are 3 sets A, B and C then,

 $n(AUBUC) = n(A) + n(B) + n(C) - n(A \cap B) - n(B \cap C) - n(C \cap A) + n(A \cap B \cap C)$

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Cracku Tip 10 – Sets and Venn diagrams

To maximize overlap,

- Union should be as small as possible
- Calculate the surplus = n(A) + n(B) + n(C) n(AUBUC)
- This can be attributed to $n(A \cap B \cap C')$, $n(A \cap B' \cap C)$, $n(A' \cap B \cap C)$, $n(A \cap B \cap C)$.
- To maximize the overlap, set the other three terms to zero.

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Cracku Tip 11 – Sets and Venn diagrams

To minimize overlap,

- Union should be as large as possible
- Calculate the surplus = n(A) + n(B) + n(C) n(AUBUC)
- This can be attributed to $n(A \cap B \cap C')$, $n(A \cap B' \cap C)$, $n(A' \cap B \cap C)$, $n(A \cap B \cap C)$.
- To minimize the overlap, set the other three terms to maximum possible.

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Cracku Tip 12 – Sets and Venn diagrams

Some other important properties

- A' is called complement of set A, or A' = U-A
- $n(A-B) = n(A) n(A \cap B)$
- $A-B = A \cap B'$
- $B-A = A' \cap B$
- (A-B) U B = A U B

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