



**NEET 2013**

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# Biology

## Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

### Question 1

The eye of octopus and eye of cat show different patterns of structure, yet they perform similar function. This is an example of:

- A Analogous organs that have evolved due to divergent evolution.
- B Homologous organs that have evolved due to convergent evolution.
- C Homologous organs that have evolved due to divergent evolution.
- D Analogous organs that have evolved due to convergent evolution.

Answer: D

### Question 2

Select the correct statement with respect to locomotion in humans:

- A The joint between adjacent vertebrae is a fibrous joint
- B A decreased level of progesterone causes osteoporosis in old people
- C Accumulation of uric acid crystals in joints causes their inflammation
- D The vertebral column has 10 thoracic vertebrae

Answer: C

### Question 3

A phosphoglyceride is always made up of:

- A a saturated or unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a phosphate group which is also attached to a glycerol molecule
- B only a saturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached
- C only an unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached
- D a saturated or unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached

Answer: D

### Question 4

Perisperm differs from endosperm in :

- A Its formation by fusion of secondary nucleus with several sperms
- B being a haploid tissue
- C having no reserve food
- D being a diploid tissue

Answer: D

### Question 5

A sedentary sea anemone gets attached to the shell lining of hermit crab. The association is :

- A Amensalism
- B Ectoparasitism
- C Symbiosis
- D Commensalism

**Answer: D**

**Question 6**

The cell - mediated immunity inside the human body is carried out by :

- A Erythrocytes
- B T-lymphocytes
- C B-lymphocytes
- D Thrombocytes

**Answer: B**

**Question 7**

Which of the following are likely to be present in deep sea water?

- A Saphrophytic fungi
- B Archae bacteria
- C Eubacteria
- D Blue-green algae

**Answer: B**

**Question 8**

one of the representatives of phylum Arthropoda is:

- A flying fish
- B cuttle fish
- C silver fish
- D puffer fish

**Answer: C**

**Question 9**

Megasporangium is equivalent to:

- A Ovule
- B Embryo sac
- C Fruit

D Nuclellus

Answer: A

Question 10

Kyoto Protocol was endorsed at :

A CoP-4

B CoP-3

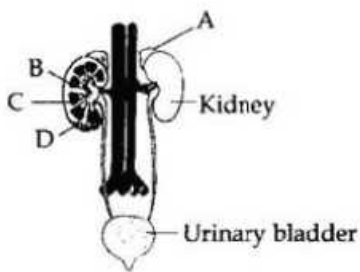
C CoP-5

D CoP-6

Answer: B

Question 11

Figure shows human urinary system with structures labelled A to D. Select option which correctly identifies them and gives their characteristics and or functions.



A D-cortex-outer part of kidney and do not contain any part of nephrons

B A-Adrenal glands-located at the anterior part of the kidney .Secrete Catecholamines which stimulate glycogen break down

C B-Pelvis-broad funnel shaped space inner to hilum ,directly connected to loops of Henle

D C-Medulla-inner Zone of the kidney and contains complete nephrons

Answer: B

Question 12

In china rose the flowers are :

A Zygomorphic,epigynous with twisted aestivation

B Actinomorphic,hypogynous with twisted aestivation

C Actinomorphic,epigynous with Valvate aestivation

D Zygomorphic,hypogynous with imbricate aestivation

Answer: B

Question 13

The Golgi complex plays a major role:

A in post translational modification of proteins and glycosidation of lipids

B in trapping the light and transforming it in to chemical energy

C in digestion protein and carbohydrates

D as energy transforming organelles

Answer: A

**Question 14**

what external changes are visible after the last moult of a cockroach nymph

A Labium develops

B mandibles becomes harder

C Anal cerci develop

D Both fore wings and hind wing develop

Answer: D

**Question 15**

Isogamous condition with non-flagellated gametes is found in:

A Fucus

B Chlamydomonas

C Spirogyra

D Volvox

Answer: C

**Question 16**

Transition state structure of the substrate formed during enzymatic reaction is :

A Permanent and stable

B transient but stable

C permanent but unstable

D transient and unstable

Answer: D

**Question 17**

Select the answer which correctly matches the endocrine gland with the hormone it secretes and its function/deficiency symptom :

A **Endocrine gland**- corpus luteum, **Hormone** - Testosterone, **Function/deficiency symptoms** : Stimulates spermatogenesis;

B **Endocrine gland** - Anterior pituitary, **Hormone** - Oxytocin, **Function/deficiency symptoms** : Stimulates uterus contraction during child birth;

C **Endocrine gland** - Posterior pituitary, **Hormone** - Growth Hormone (GH), **Function/deficiency symptoms** : Oversecretion stimulates the abnormal growth;

D **Endocrine gland** - Thyroid gland, **Hormone** - Thyroxine, **Function/deficiency symptoms** : Lack of iodine in diet results in goitre;

Answer: D

**Question 18**

The colonies of recombinant bacteria appear white in contrast to blue colonies of non recombinant bacteria because of

- A Inactivation of glycosidase enzyme in recombinant bacteria
- B Non-recombinant bacteria containing beta galactosidase
- C Insertional inactivation of alpha-galactosidase in non-recombinant bacteria
- D Insertional inactivation of alpha-galactosidase in recombinant bacteria

**Answer: A**

**Question 19**

Monoecious plant of Chara shows occurrence of:

- A upper oogonium and lower antheridium on the same plant
- B antheridiophore and archegoniophore on the same plant
- C stamen and carpel on the same plant
- D upper antheridium and lower oogonium on the same plant

**Answer: A**

**Question 20**

Advantage of cleistogamy is:

- A Vivipary
- B Higher genetic variability
- C More vigorous offspring
- D No dependence on pollinators

**Answer: D**

**Question 21**

The H-zone in the skeletal muscle fibre is due to:

- A extension of myosin filaments in the central portion of A-band
- B the absence of myofibrils in the central portion of A-band
- C the central gap between myosin filaments in the A-band
- D the central gap between actin filaments extending through myosin filaments in the A-band

**Answer: D**

**Question 22**

Artificial insemination means:

- A Introduction of a sperms of a healthy donar directly in to ovary
- B transfer of sperms of a healthy donar to a test tube containing ova

- C transfer of sperms of husband to a test tube containing ova
- D artificial introduction of sperms of healthy donor into the vagina

**Answer: D**

**Question 23**

**Which group of animals belong to the same phylum?**

- A Sponge, Sea anemone, Starfish
- B Malarial parasite, Amoeba, Mosquito
- C Earthworm, Pinworm, Tapeworm
- D Prawn, Scorpion, Locusta

**Answer: D**

**Question 24**

**Seed coats not thin, membranous in:**

- A Gram
- B Maize
- C Coconut
- D Groundnut

**Answer: C**

**Question 25**

**If two persons with 'AB' blood group marry and have sufficiently large number of children, these children could be classified as 'A' blood group: 'AB' blood group: 'B' blood group in 1:2:1 ratio. Modern technique of protein electrophoresis reveals presence of both 'A' and 'B' type proteins in 'AB' blood group individuals. This is an example of:**

- A Complete dominance
- B Codominance
- C Incomplete dominance
- D Partial dominance

**Answer: B**

**Question 26**

**Which of the following cannot be detected in a developing foetus by amniocentesis?**

- A Jaundice
- B Klinefelter syndrome
- C sex of foetus
- D Down syndrome

**Answer: A**

Question 27

The first stable product of fixation of atmospheric nitrogen in leguminous plants is :

- A Glutamate
- B  $NO_2^-$
- C Ammonia
- D  $NO_3^-$

Answer: C

Question 28

A biologist studied the population of rats in a barn .He found that the average natality was 250, average mortality 240,immigration 20 and emigration 30.The net increase in population is

- A Zero
- B 10
- C 15
- D 05

Answer: A

Question 29

Secondary productivity is rate of formation of new organic matter by :

- A Decomposer
- B Producer
- C Parasite
- D Consumer

Answer: D

Question 30

Infection of *Ascaris* usually occurs by :

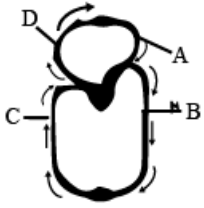
- A mosquito bite.
- B drinking water containing eggs of *Ascaris*.
- C eating imperfectly cooked pork.
- D Tse-tse fly

Answer: B



Question 31

Figure shows schematic plan of blood circulation in humans with labels A to D. Identify the label and give its function/s,



- A D-Dorsal aorta -takes blood from heart to body parts ,  $PO_2=95$  mm Hg
- B A-Pulmonary vein -takes impure blood from body parts ,  $PO_2=60$  mm Hg
- C B-Pulmonary vein -takes impure blood from heart to lungs ,  $PO_2=90$  mm Hg
- D C-Venacava-takes blood from body parts to right auricle ,  $PCO_2=45$  mm Hg

Answer: D

Question 32

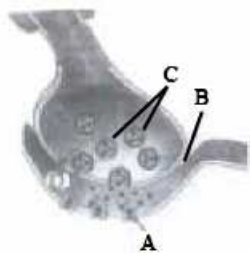
The tendency of population to remain in genetic equilibrium maybedisturbed by :

- A lack of random mating
- B random mating
- C lack of migration
- D lack of mutations

Answer: A

Question 33

A diagram showing axon terminal and synapseis given. Identify correctly at least two of A-D.



- A C-Neurotransmitter  
D -  $Ca^{++}$
- B A-Receptor  
C-Synaptic vesicles
- C B-Synaptic vesicles  
D -  $K^+$
- D A-Neurotransmitter  
B-Synaptic cleft

Answer: B

**Question 34**

**A good producer of citric acid is:**

- A Saccharomyces
- B Aspergillus
- C Pseudomonas
- D Clostridium

**Answer: B**

**Question 35**

**Age of a tree can be estimated by:**

- A diameter of its heartwood
- B its height and girth
- C biomass
- D number of annual rings

**Answer: D**

**Question 36**

**The process by which organisms with different evolutionary history evolve similar phenotypic adaptations in response to a common environmental challenge is called:**

- A Adaptive radiation
- B Natural selection
- C Convergent evolution
- D Non-random evolution

**Answer: C**

**Question 37**

**A stage in cell division is shown in figure. Select the answer which gives correct identification of the stage with its characteristics**

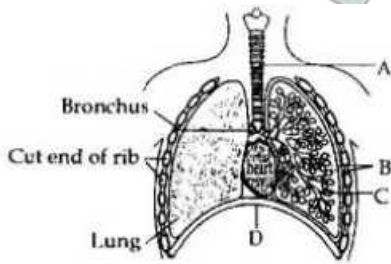


- A Telophase - endoplasmic reticulum and the nucleus not reformed yet ;
- B Telophase - nuclear envelope reforms, golgi complex reforms.
- C Late anaphase - chromosomes move away from equatorial plate, golgi complex not present.
- D Cytokinesis - Cell plate formed, mitochondria distributed between two daughter cells.

**Answer: B**

**Question 38**

The figure shows a diagrammatic view of human respiratory system with labels A, B,C and D. Select the option which gives correct identification and main function and/or characteristic.



- A D-Lower end of lungs -diaphragm pulls it down during inspiration
- B A-trachea-lung-long tube supported by complete cartilaginous rings for conducting inspired air.
- C B-pleural membrane -surround ribs on the both sides to provide cushion against rubbing.
- D C-Alveoli-walled vascular bag like structures for exchange of gases

**Answer: D**

**Question 39**

Interfascicular cambium develops from the cells of :

- A Pericycle
- B Medullary rays
- C Xylem Parenchyma
- D Endodermis

**Answer: B**

**Question 40**

During seed germination its stored food is mobilized by:

- A Gibberellin
- B Ethylene
- C Cytokinin
- D ABA

**Answer: A**

**Question 41**

Meiosis takes place in:

- A Megaspore
- B Meiocyte
- C Coraidia
- D Gemmule

Answer: B

**Question 42**

According to Darwin, the organic evolution is due to:

- A Reduced feeding efficiency in one species due to the presence of interfering species
- B Intraspecific competition
- C Interspecific competition
- D Competition within closely related species.

Answer: B

**Question 43**

Which of the following criteria does not pertain to facilitated transport ?

- A Uphill transport
- B Requirement of special membrane proteins
- C High selectivity
- D Transport saturation

Answer: A

**Question 44**

A major site for synthesis of lipids is :

- A Nucleoplasm
- B RER
- C SER
- D Symplast

Answer: C

**Question 45**

Natural reservoir of Phosphorus is

- A Fossils
- B Sea water
- C Animal bones
- D Rock

Answer: D

**Question 46**

Which of the metabolites is common to respiration-mediated breakdown of fats, carbohydrates and proteins

- A Acetyl CoA

- B Glucose-6-Phosphate
- C Fructose 1,6 -biphosphate
- D Pyruvic acid

**Answer: D**

**Question 47**

**Which of the following process during decomposition is correctly described?**

- A Leaching-water soluble inorganic nutrients rise to top layers of the soil
- B Fragmentation-carried out by organisms such as earthworm
- C Humification-Leads to the accumulation of a dark coloured substance humus which undergoes microbial action at a very fast rate
- D Catabolism- Last step in the decomposition underfully anaerobic condition

**Answer: B**

**Question 48**

**If both parents are carriers for thalessemia, which is an autosomal recessive disorder, what are the chances of pregnancy resulting in an affected child ?**

- A 100%
- B no chance
- C 50%
- D 25%

**Answer: D**

**Question 49**

**Which of the following statements is not true of two genes that show 50% recombination frequency ?**

- A If the genes are present on the same chromosome, they undergo more than one crossovers in every meiosis
- B The genes may be on different chromosomes
- C The genes are tightly linked
- D The genes show independent assortment

**Answer: C**

**Question 50**

**One of the legal methods of birth control is :**

- A by a premature ejaculation during coitus
- B abortion by taking an appropriate medicine
- C by abstaining from the coitus from the day 10 to 17 of the menstrual cycle
- D by having coitus at the time of day break

**Answer: B**

**Question 51**

Besides paddy fields, cyanobacteria are also found inside vegetative part of :

- A Psilotum
- B Pinus
- C Cycas
- D Equisetum

**Answer: C**

**Question 52**

Which of the following are correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification ?

- A Spiny anteater, sea urchin , sea cucumber-Echinodermata
- B Flying fish ,cuttlefish, silver fish -Pisces
- C Centipede,millipede,spider,scorpion-Insecta
- D Housefly,butterfly,tsetsefly,silver fish-Insecta

**Answer: D**

**Question 53**

Variation in gene frequencies within populations can occur by chance rather than by natural selection. This is referred to as:

- A Genetic load
- B Genetic flow
- C Genetic drift
- D Random mating

**Answer: C**

**Question 54**

Select the correct match of the digested products in humans given in column I with their absorption site and mechanism in column II.

- A Column I - Cholesterol, maltose; Column II - large intestine, active absorption;
- B Column I - Glycine, glucose; Column II - small intestine, active absorption;
- C Column I - Fructose,  $Na^+$ ; Column II - small intestine, passive absorption;
- D Column I - Glycerol, fatty acids; Column II - duodenum, move as chylomicrons;

**Answer: B**

**Question 55**

Select the wrong statement

- A Chlamydomonas exhibits both isogamy and anisogamy and Fucus shows oogamy

- B Isogametes are similar in structure, function and behaviour
- C Anisogametes differ either in structure, function or behaviour
- D In Oomycetes female gamete is smaller and motile, while male gamete is larger and non-motile

Answer: D

#### Question 56

Which Mendelian idea is depicted by a cross in which the  $F_1$  generation resembles both the parents

- A co-dominance
- B incomplete dominance
- C law of dominance
- D inheritance of one gene

Answer: A

#### Question 57

The diagram given here is the standard ECG of a normal Person> The P-wave represents the :



- A End of the systole
- B Contraction of both the atria
- C Initiation of ventricular Contraction
- D Beginning of the systole

Answer: B

#### Question 58

Which enzyme will be produced in a cell in which there is non sense mutation in the lac Y gene?

- A Lactose permease and transacetylase
- B  $\beta$ -galactosidase
- C Lactose permease
- D Transacetylase

Answer: B

#### Question 59

The most abundant intracellular cation is:

- A  $K^+$

B  $Na^+$

C  $Ca^{++}$

D  $H^+$

Answer: A

**Question 60**

Which one of the following is not the function of placenta ? It:

A secretes oxytocin during parturition.

B facilitates supply of oxygen and nutrients to embryo.

C secretes estrogen.

D facilitates removal of carbon dioxide and waste material from embryo.

Answer: A

**Question 61**

In plant breeding programmes, the entire collection (of plants/seeds) having all the diverse alleles for all genes in a given crop is called :

A germplasm collection.

B selection of superior recombinants.

C cross - hybridisation among the selected parents,

D evaluation and selection of parents.

Answer: A

**Question 62**

Which one of the following is not a correct statement?

A Key is a taxonomic aid for identification of specimens

B Herbarium houses dried, pressed and preserved plant specimens.

C Botanical gardens have collection of living plants for reference.

D A museum has collection of photographs of plants and animals.

Answer: D

**Question 63**

Which one of the following organelle in the figure correctly matches with its function ?





- A Rough endoplasmic reticulum , protein synthesis
- B Rough endoplasmic reticulum ,formation of glycoprotein
- C Golgi apparatus, protein synthesis
- D Golgi apparatus,formation of glycolipids

**Answer: A**

**Question 64**

**Which of the following represent maximum number of species among global biodiversity ?**

- A Mosses and Ferns
- B Algae
- C Lichens
- D Fungi

**Answer: D**

**Question 65**

**Which of the following Bt crops is being grown in India by the farmers**

- A Soyabean
- B Maize
- C Cotton
- D Brinjal

**Answer: C**

**Question 66**

**Read the following statements (A-E) and answer the question which follows them.**

- (A) In liverworts, mosses, and ferns gametophytes are free - living
- (B) Gymnosperms and some ferns are heterosporous
- (C) Sexual reproduction in Fucus, Volvox and Albugo is oogamous
- (D) The sporophyte in liverworts is more elaborate than that in mosses
- (E) Both, Pinus and Marchantia are dioecious

- A Four
- B one
- C Two
- D Three

**Answer: C**

**Question 67**

**The essential chemical components of many co-enzymes are :**

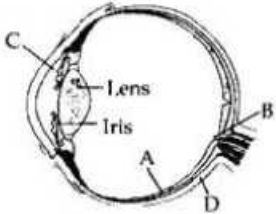
- A Vitamins

- B Proteins
- C Nucleic acids
- D carbohydrates

Answer: A

**Question 68**

Parts A,B,C and D of the human eye are shown in the diagram .select the option which gives correct identification along with its functions/ charecteristics:

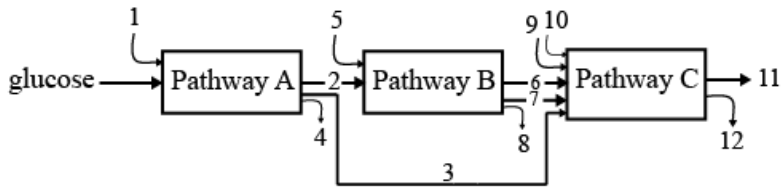


- A D - Choroid - its anterior part forms ciliary body.
- B A - Retina - contains photo receptors - rods and cones.
- C B - Blind spot - has only a few rods and cones.
- D C-Aqueous Chamber - reflects the light which does not pass through the lens

Answer: B

**Question 69**

The three boxes in this diagram represent the three major biosynthetic path ways in aerobic respiration. Arrows represent net reactants or products.



Arrows numbered 4, 8 and 12 can all be ;

- A  $FAD^+$  or  $FADH_2$
- B NADH
- C ATP
- D  $H_2O$

Answer: C

**Question 70**

Pigment-containing membranousextensions in some cyanobacteriaare:

- A Chromatophores
- B Heterocysts

C Basal bodies

D Pneumatophores

Answer: A

**Question 71**

**Which one of the following statements is correct ?**

A Tapetum nourishes the developing pollen

B Hard outer layer of pollen is called intine

C Sporogenous tissue is haploid

D Endothecium produces the microspores

Answer: A

**Question 72**

**The characteristics and an example of a synovial joint in humans is :**

A Characteristics-lymph filled between two bones,limited movement;Examples-gliding joints between carpals;

B Characteristics-fluid cartilage between two bones,limited movements;Examples-Knee joint;

C Characteristics-fluid filled between two joints,provides cushion;Examples Skullbones;

D Characteristics-fluid filled synovial cavity between two bones;Exempl

E Joint between atlas and axis;

Answer: D

**Question 73**

**The Air Prevention and Control of Pollution Act came in to force in:**

A 1990

B 1975

C 1981

D 1985

Answer: C

**Question 74**

**Product of sexual reproduction generally penetrates :**

A Large biomass

B Longevity of seeds

C Prolonged dormancy

D New genetic combination leading to variation

Answer: D

**Question 75**

Among bitter melon, mustard, brinjal, pumpkin, china rose, lupin, cucumber, sunn hemp, gram, guava, bean, chilli, plum, petunia, tomato, rose, withania, potato, onion, aloe and tulip how many plants have hypogynous flower

- A Eighteen
- B Six
- C Ten
- D Fifteen

**Answer: D**

**Question 76**

A pregnant female delivers a baby who suffers from stunted growth, mental retardation, low intelligence quotient and abnormal skin. This is the result of:

- A over secretion of pars distalis
- B Deficiency of Iodine in the diet
- C Low secretion of growth hormone
- D cancer of thyroid gland

**Answer: B**

**Question 77**

Which of the following is not correctly matched for the organism and its cell wall degrading enzyme?

- A Fungi-chitinase
- B Bacteria-Lysozyme
- C Plant cells-Cellulase
- D Algae-Methylase

**Answer: D**

**Question 78**

Menstrual flow occurs due to lack of:

- A Vasopressin
- B Progesterone
- C FSH
- D Oxytocin

**Answer: B**

**Question 79**

Global warming can be controlled by:

- A Increasing deforestation, reducing efficiency of energy usage.
- B Reducing deforestation, cutting down use of fossil fuel.
- C Reducing reforestation, increasing the used of fossil fuel.
- D Increasing deforestation, slowing down the growth of human population.

**Answer: B**

**Question 80**

**Which one of the following is not used for ex situ plant conservation?**

- A Botanical Gardens
- B Field gene banks
- C Seed banks
- D Shifting cultivation

**Answer: D**

**Question 81**

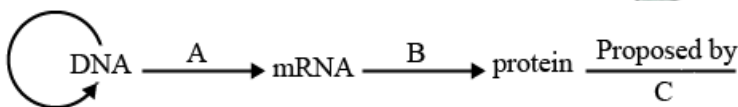
**During sewage treatment, biogases are produced which include:**

- A hydrogensulphide, nitrogen, methane
- B methane, hydrogensulphide, carbon dioxide
- C methane, oxygen, hydrogensulphide
- D hydrogensulphide, methane, sulphur dioxide

**Answer: B**

**Question 82**

**The diagram shows an important concept in the genetic implication of DNA. Fill in the blanks A to C.**



- A A-translation B - extension C - Rosalind Franklin
- B A -transcription B - replication C - James Watson
- C A- translation B - transcription C - Erevin Chargaff
- D A- translation B - transcription C- Francis Crick

**Answer: D**

**Question 83**

**DNA fragments generated by the restriction endonucleases in a chemical reaction can be separated by :**

- A Restriction mapping

- B Centrifugation
- C Polymerase chain reaction
- D Electrophoresis

Answer: D

**Question 84**

The complex formed by a pair of synapsed homologous chromosomes is called

- A Axoneme
- B Equatorial plate
- C Kinetochore
- D Bivalent

Answer: D

**Question 85**

The incorrect statement with regard to Haemophilia is:

- A A single protein involved in the clotting of blood is affected
- B It is a sex - linked disease
- C It is a recessive disease
- D It is a dominant disease

Answer: D

**Question 86**

Which of the following statements is correct in relation to the endocrine system ?

- A Releasing and inhibitory hormones are produced by the pituitary gland.
- B Adenohypophysis is under direct neural regulation of the hypothalamus.
- C Organs in the body like gastrointestinal tract, heart, kidney and liver do not produce any hormones.
- D Non - nutrient chemicals produced by the body in trace amount that act as intercellular messenger are known as hormones

Answer: D

**Question 87**

Lenticels are involved in

- A Photosynthesis
- B Transpiration
- C Gaseous Exchange
- D Food transport

Answer: C

**Question 88**

Match the names of the animal (column I), with one characteristics (column II), and the phylum /class (column III) to which it belongs:

- A Column I-Adamia;Column II-radially symmetrical;Column III-Porifera;
- B Column I-Petromyzon;Column II-ectoparasite;Column III-Cyclostomata;
- C Column I-Ichthyopsis;Column II-terrestrial;Column III-Reptilia;
- D Column I-Limulus;Column II-body covered by chitinous exoskeleton;Column III-Pisces;

**Answer: B**

**Question 89**

What is the correct sequence of sperm formation?

- A Spermatagonia,Spermatocyte,Spermatid,SpermatoZoa
- B Spermatid,Spermatocyte,Spermatagonia,SpermatoZoa
- C Spermatagonia,Spermatocyte,Spermatocyte,Spermatid
- D Spermatagonia,SpermatoZoa,Spermatocyte,Spermatid

**Answer: A**

**Question 90**

Macro molecule chitin is :

- A simple polysaccharide
- B nitrogen containing polysaccharide
- C phosphorus containing polysaccharide
- D sulphur containing polysaccharide

**Answer: B**

## Physics

**Instructions**

For the following questions answer them individually

**Question 91**

In Young's double slit experiment, the slits are 2mm apart and are illuminated by photons of two wavelengths  $\lambda_1 = 12000 \text{ \AA}$  and  $\lambda_2 = 10000 \text{ \AA}$ . At what minimum distance from the common central bright fringe on the screen 2 m from the slit will a bright fringe from one interference pattern coincide with a bright fringe from the other?

- A 3 mm
- B 8 mm
- C 6 mm
- D 4 mm

**Answer: C**

Question 92

In a common emitter (CE) amplifier having a voltage gain  $G$ , the transistor used has transconductance  $0.03 \text{ mho}$  and current gain  $25$ . If the above transistor is replaced with another one with transconductance  $0.02 \text{ mho}$  and current gain  $20$ , the voltage gain will be:

- A  $\frac{5}{4} G$
- B  $\frac{2}{3} G$
- C  $1.5 G$
- D  $\frac{1}{3} G$

Answer: B

Question 93

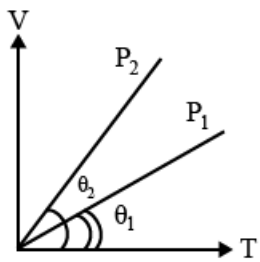
A certain mass of Hydrogen is changed to Helium by the process of fusion. The Mass defect in fusion reaction is  $0.02866 \text{ u}$ . The energy liberated per  $\text{u}$  is :  
(given  $1 \text{ u} = 931 \text{ MeV}$ )

- A  $13.35 \text{ MeV}$
- B  $2.67 \text{ MeV}$
- C  $26.7 \text{ MeV}$
- D  $6.675 \text{ MeV}$

Answer: D

Question 94

In the given (V-T) diagram, what is the relation between pressures  $P_1$  and  $P_2$ ?

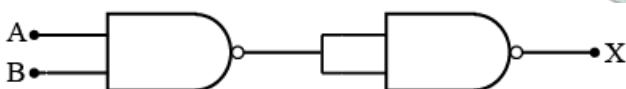


- A can not be predicted
- B  $P_2 = P_1$
- C  $P_2 > P_1$
- D  $P_2 < P_1$

Answer: A

Question 95

The output (X) of the logic circuit shown in figure will be :





A  $X = A + B$

B  $X = A \cdot B$

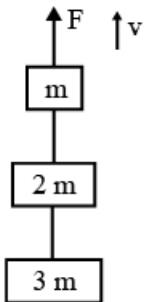
C  $X = A/B$

D  $X = A \cdot B$

Answer: D

Question 96

Three blocks with masses  $m$ ,  $2m$  and  $3m$  are connected by strings, as shown in the figure. After an upward force  $F$  is applied on block  $m_1$ , the masses move upward at constant speed  $v$ . What is the net force on the block of mass  $2m$ ? ( $g$  is the acceleration due to gravity)



A  $6mg$

B Zero

C  $2mg$

D  $3mg$

Answer: B

Question 97

In a n-type semiconductor, which of the following statements is true?

A Holes are majority carriers and trivalent atoms are dopants.

B Electrons are majority carriers and trivalent atoms are dopants.

C Electrons are minority carriers and pentavalent atoms are dopants.

D Holes are minority carriers and pentavalent atoms are dopants.

Answer: D

Question 98

The half life of a radioactive isotope 'X' is 20 years. It decays to another element 'Y' in 20 years. It decays to another element 'Z' which is stable. The two elements 'X' and 'Z' were found to be in the ratio 1:7 in a sample of a given rock. The age of the rock is estimated to be:

A 100 years

B 40 years

C 60 years

D 80 years

Answer: C

Question 99

The molar specific heats of an ideal gas at constant pressure and volume are denoted by  $C_P$  and  $C_V$ , respectively.

If  $\gamma = \frac{C_P}{C_V}$  and R is the universal gas constant, then  $C_V$  is equal to:

A  $\gamma R$

B  $\frac{1+\gamma}{1-\gamma}$

C  $\frac{R}{\gamma-1}$

D  $\frac{\gamma-1}{R}$

Answer: C

Question 100

The wavelength  $\lambda_e$  of an electron and  $\lambda_p$  of a photon of same energy E are related by :

A  $\lambda_p \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda_e}}$

B  $\lambda_p \propto \lambda_e^2$

C  $\lambda_p \propto \lambda_e$

D  $\lambda_p \propto \sqrt{\lambda_e}$

Answer: B

Question 101

Ratio of longest wave lengths corresponding to Lyman and Balmer series in hydrogen spectrum is :

A  $\frac{9}{31}$

B  $\frac{5}{27}$

C  $\frac{3}{23}$

D  $\frac{7}{29}$

Answer: B

Question 102

A current loop in a magnetic field :

A Can be in equilibrium in two orientations, one stable

B Experiences a torque whether the field is uniform or non uniform in all orientations

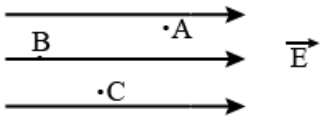
C can be equilibrium in one orientation

D can be equilibrium in two orientations, both the equilibrium states are unstable

Answer: A

Question 103

A, B and C are three points in a uniform electric field. The electric potential is :

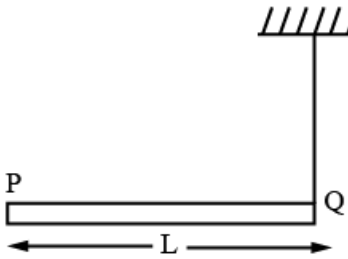


- A same at all the three points A,B,C.
- B maximum at A
- C maximum at B
- D maximum at C

Answer: C

Question 104

A rod PQ of mass M and length L is hinged at end P. The rod is kept horizontal by a mass less string tied to point Q as shown in figure. When string is cut, the initial angular acceleration of the rod is :



- A  $\frac{2g}{3L}$
- B  $\frac{3g}{2L}$
- C  $\frac{g}{L}$
- D  $\frac{2g}{L}$

Answer: B

Question 105

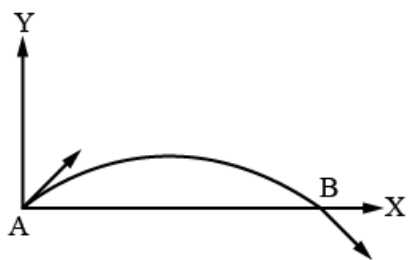
A wire of resistance  $4 \Omega$  is stretched to twice its original length. The resistance of stretched wire would be:

- A  $16 \Omega$
- B  $2 \Omega$
- C  $4 \Omega$
- D  $8 \Omega$

Answer: A

Question 106

The velocity of a projectile at the initial point A is  $(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}) \frac{m}{s}$ . Its velocity (in  $\frac{m}{s}$ ) at the point B is.



A  $(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j})$

B  $(-2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j})$

C  $(-2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j})$

D  $(2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j})$

Answer: D

Question 107

A body of mass  $m$  is taken from the earth surface to the height equal to twice the radius ( $R$ ) of the earth. The change in potential energy of the body will be

A  $\frac{1}{3} mgR$

B  $mg2R$

C  $\frac{2}{3} mgR$

D  $3 mgR$

Answer: C

Question 108

A stone falls freely under gravity. It covers distances  $h_1, h_2, h_3$  in the first five seconds, the next five seconds and the next 5 seconds respectively. The relation between  $h_1, h_2$  and  $h_3$  is:

A  $h_1 = h_2 = h_3$

B  $h_1 = 2h_2 = 3h_3$

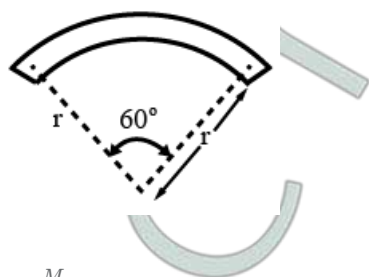
C  $h_1 = \frac{h_2}{3} = \frac{h_3}{5}$

D  $h_2 = 3h_1$  and  $h_3 = 3h_2$

Answer: C

Question 109

A bar magnet of length 'l' and magnetic dipole moment 'M' is bent in the form of an arc as shown in figure. The new magnetic dipole moment will be :



- A  $\frac{M}{2}$
- B M
- C  $\frac{3}{\pi}$
- D  $\frac{2}{\pi}$

Answer: C

Question 110

The internal resistance of a 2.1 V cell which gives a current of 0.2 A through a resistance of 10  $\Omega$  is:

- A 1.0  $\Omega$
- B 0.2  $\Omega$
- C 0.5  $\Omega$
- D 0.8  $\Omega$

Answer: C

Question 111

For photoelectric emission from certain metal the cutoff frequency is  $\nu$ . If radiation of frequency  $2\nu$  impinges on the metalplate, the maximum possible velocity of the emitted electron will be (m is the electron mass) :

- A  $2\sqrt{\frac{h\nu}{m}}$
- B  $\sqrt{\frac{h\nu}{2m}}$
- C  $\sqrt{\frac{h\nu}{m}}$
- D  $\sqrt{\frac{2h\nu}{m}}$

Answer: D

Question 112

During an adiabatic process, the pressure of a gas is found to be proportional to the cube of its temperature. The ratio of  $\frac{C_p}{C_v}$  of the gas is

A  $\frac{3}{2}$

B  $\frac{4}{3}$

C 2

D  $\frac{5}{3}$

Answer: A

Question 113

The following four wires are made of the same material. Which of these will have the largest extension when the same tension is applied ?

A length=300cm, diameter=3mm

B length=50cm, diameter = 0.5mm

C length=100cm, diameter=1mm

D length=200cm, diameter=2mm

Answer: B

Question 114

The resistances of the four arms P,Q, R and S in a Wheatstone's bridge are 10 ohm, 30 ohm, 30 ohm and 90 ohm, respectively. The e.m.f. and internal resistance of the cell are 7 Volt and 5 ohm respectively. If the galvanometer resistance is 50 ohm, the current drawn from the cell will be :

A 2.0 A

B 1.0 A

C 0.2 A

D 0.1 A

Answer: C

Explanation:

to

Question 115

The amount of heat energy required to raise the temperature of 1 g of Helium at NTP, from  $T_1K$  to  $T_2K$  is:

A  $\frac{3}{4} N_a K_B \frac{T_2}{T_1}$

B  $\frac{3}{8} N_a K_B (T_2 - T_1)$

C  $\frac{3}{2} N_a K_B (T_2 - T_1)$

D  $\frac{3}{4} N_a K_B (T_2 - T_1)$

Answer: B

Question 116

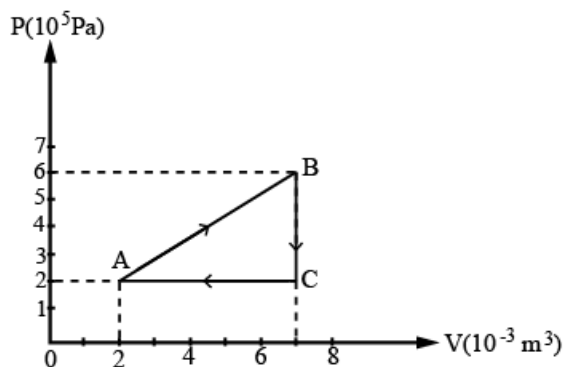
A piece of iron is heated in a flame. It first becomes dull red then becomes reddish yellow and finally turns to white hot. The correct explanation for the above observation is possible by using :

- A Newton's law of cooling
- B Stefan's law
- C Wein's displacement law
- D Kirchoff's law

Answer: C

Question 117

A gas is taken through the cycle  $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$  as shown. What is the net work done by the gas ?



- A -2000 J
- B 2000 J
- C 1000 J
- D Zero

Answer: C

Question 118

The condition under which a microwave oven heats up a food item containing water molecules most efficiently is :

- A Infra-red waves produce heating in a microwave oven,
- B The frequency of the microwaves must match the resonant frequency of the water molecules.
- C The frequency of the microwaves has no relation with natural frequency of water molecules.
- D Microwaves are heat waves, so always produce heating

Answer: B

Question 119

An explosion breaks a rock into three parts in a horizontal plane. Two of them go off at right angles to each other. The first part of mass 1 kg moves with a speed of  $12 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  and the second part of mass 2 kg moves with  $8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  speed. If the third part flies off with  $4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  speed, then its mass is :

- A 17kg

- B 3 kg
- C 5 kg
- D 7 kg

Answer: C

**Question 120**

In an experiment four quantities a, b, c and d are measured with percentage error 1%, 2%, 3% and 4% respectively. Quantity P is calculated as follows;

$$P = \frac{a^3 b^2}{cd} \quad \text{\% error in P is:}$$

- A 4%
- B 14%
- C 10%
- D 7%

Answer: B

**Question 121**

A small object of uniform density rolls up a curved surface with an initial velocity 'v'. It reaches up to a maximum height of  $\frac{3v^2}{4g}$  with respect to the initial position. The object is:

- A Disc
- B Ring
- C Solid sphere
- D Hollow sphere

Answer: A

**Question 122**

A plano convex lens fits exactly into a plano concave lens. Their plane surfaces are parallel to each other. If lenses are made of different materials of refractive indices  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$  and R is the radius of curvature of the curved surface of the lenses, then the focal length of the combination is:

- A  $\frac{2R}{(\mu_2 - \mu_1)}$
- B  $\frac{R}{2(\mu_1 + \mu_2)}$
- C  $\frac{R}{2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$
- D  $\frac{R}{(\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$

Answer: D

**Question 123**

A parallel beam of fast moving electrons is incident normally on a narrow slit. A fluorescent screen is placed at a large distance from the slit. If the speed of the electrons is increased, which of the following statements is correct ?



- A The angular width of the central maximum will be unaffected.
- B Diffraction pattern is not observed on the screen in the case of electrons.
- C The angular width of the central maximum of the diffraction pattern will increase.
- D The angular width of the central maximum will decrease.

Answer: D

#### Question 124

For a normal eye, the cornea of eye provides converging power of 40 D and the least converging power of eye lens behind the cornea is 20D. Using the information, the distance between the retina and cornea-eye lens can be estimated to be:

- A 1.5 cm
- B 5 cm
- C 2.5 cm
- D 1.67 cm

Answer: B

#### Question 125

The upper half of an inclined plane of inclination  $\theta$  is perfectly smooth while the lower half is rough. A block starting from rest at the top of the plane will come to rest at the bottom, if the coefficient of friction between the block and the lower half of the plane is given by:

- A  $\mu = \tan \theta$
- B  $\mu = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$
- C  $\mu = \frac{2}{\tan \theta}$
- D  $\mu = 2 \tan \theta$

Answer: D

#### Question 126

A wave travelling in the +ve direction having displacements along y direction as 1m, wavelength  $2\pi m$  and frequency of  $\frac{1}{\pi}$  Hz is represented by:

- A  $y = \sin(2\pi x + 2\pi t)$
- B  $y = \sin(x - 2t)$
- C  $y = \sin(2\pi x - 2\pi t)$
- D  $y = \sin(10\pi x - 20\pi t)$

Answer: B

#### Question 127

A source of unknown frequency gives  $4 \frac{\text{beats}}{s}$ , when sounded with a source of known frequency 250 Hz. The second harmonic of the source of unknown frequency gives five beats per second, when sounded with a source of frequency 513 Hz. The unknown frequency is:

- A 260 Hz
- B 254 Hz
- C 246 Hz
- D 240 Hz

Answer: B

**Question 128**

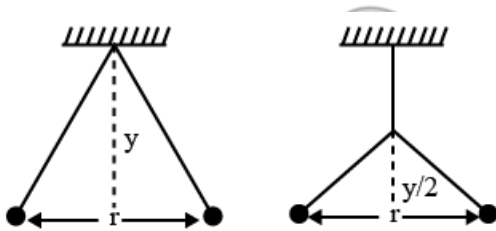
A coil of self-inductance  $L$  is connected in series with a bulb  $B$  and an AC source. Brightness of the bulb decreases when:

- A an iron rod is inserted in the coil.
- B frequency of the AC source is decreased.
- C number of turns in the coil is reduced.
- D a capacitance of reactance  $X_c = X_L$  is included in the same circuit.

Answer: A

**Question 129**

Two pith balls carrying equal charges are suspended from a common point by strings of equal length, the equilibrium separation between them is  $r$ . Now the strings are rigidly clamped at half the height. The equilibrium separation between the balls now become:



- A  $\left(\frac{2r}{3}\right)$
- B  $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$
- C  $\left(\frac{r}{3\sqrt{2}}\right)$
- D  $\left(\frac{2r}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$

Answer: C

**Question 130**

If we study the vibration of a pipe open at both ends, then the following statement is not true:

- A Pressure change will be maximum at both ends
- B Open end will be at antinode
- C Odd harmonics of the fundamental frequency will be generated
- D All harmonics of the fundamental frequency will be generated

Answer: C

**Question 131**

When a proton is released from rest in a room, it starts with an initial acceleration  $a_0$  towards west. When it is projected towards north with a speed  $v_0$  it moves with an initial acceleration  $3a_0$  toward west. The electric and magnetic fields in the room are:

- A  $\frac{ma_0}{e}$  east,  $\frac{3ma_0}{ev_0}$  down
- B  $\frac{ma_0}{e}$  east,  $\frac{2ma_0}{ev_0}$  up
- C  $\frac{ma_0}{e}$  east,  $\frac{2ma_0}{ev_0}$  down
- D  $\frac{ma_0}{e}$  east,  $\frac{3ma_0}{ev_0}$  up

**Answer: C**

**Question 132**

A wire loop is rotated in a magnetic field. The frequency of change of direction of the induced e.m.f. is :

- A six times per revolution
- B once per revolution
- C twice per revolution
- D four times per revolution

**Answer: B**

**Question 133**

A uniform force of  $(3\hat{i} + \hat{j})$  newton acts on a particle of mass 2 kg. Hence the particle is displaced from position  $(2\hat{i} + \hat{k})$  meter to position:  $(4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - \hat{k})$  meter, The work done by the force on the particle is :

- A 15 J
- B 9 J
- C 6 J
- D 13 J

**Answer: B**

**Question 134**

The wettability of a surface by a liquid depends primarily on:

- A angle of contact between the surface and the liquid
- B viscosity
- C surface tension
- D density

**Answer: A**

Question 135

Infinite number of bodies, each of mass 2 kg are situated on x-axis at distances 1m,2m,4m,8m,..... respectively from the origin. The resulting gravitational potential due to this system at the origin will be:

- A -4 G
- B G
- C  $-\frac{8}{3}$  G
- D  $-\frac{4}{3}$  G

Answer: A

## Chemistry

**Instructions**

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 136

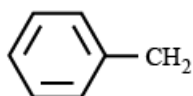
The value of Planck's constant is  $6.63 \times 10^{-34}$  Js . The speed of the light is  $3 \times 10^{17}$  nm s<sup>-1</sup>. Which value is closest to the wavelength in nanometer of a quantum light with frequency of  $6 \times 10^{15}$  s<sup>-1</sup>?

- A 75
- B 10
- C 25
- D 50

Answer: D

Question 137

The radical,



is aromatic because it has:

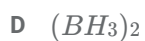
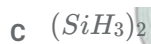
- A 6 p-orbitals and 7 unpaired electrons
- B 6p-orbitals and 6 unpaired electrons
- C 7 p-orbitals and 6 unpaired electrons
- D 7 p-orbitals and 7 unpaired electrons

Answer: E

Question 138

Which of the following is electron-deficient ?

- A PH<sub>3</sub>
- B (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>



Answer: D

Question 139

Which of the following statements about the interstitial compounds is incorrect ?

A They have higher melting points than the pure metal.

B They retain metallic conductivity.

C They are chemically reactive

D They are much harder than pure metals.

Answer: C

Question 140

How many grams of concentrated nitric acid solution should be used to prepare 250 mL of 2.0 M  $HNO_3$ ? The concentrated acid is 70%  $HNO_3$

A 54.0 g conc.  $HNO_3$

B 45.0 g conc.  $HNO_3$

C 590.0 g conc.  $HNO_3$

D 570.0 g conc.  $HNO_3$

Answer: B

Question 141

Which of the following lanthanoid ions is diamagnetic ?

(At nos. Ce = 58, Sm = 62, Eu = 63, Yb = 70)

A  $Yb^{2+}$

B  $Ce^{2+}$

C  $Sm^{2+}$

D  $Eu^{2+}$

Answer: A

Question 142

Which one of the following molecules contains no  $\pi$  bond ?

A  $NO_2$

B  $CO_2$

C  $H_2O$

D  $SO_2$

Answer: C

Question 143

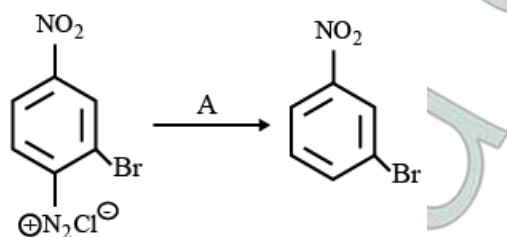
Based on equation  $E = -2.178 \times 10^{-18} J \left( \frac{Z^2}{N^2} \right)$  certain conclusions are written. Which of them is not correct ?

- A For  $n=1$ , the electron has a more negative energy than it does for  $n=6$  which means that the electron is more loosely bound in the smallest allowed orbit.
- B The negative sign in equation simply means that the energy of electron bound to the nucleus is lower than it would be if the electrons were at the infinite distance from the nucleus.
- C Larger the value of  $n$ , the larger is the orbit radius.
- D Equation can be used to calculate the change in energy when the electron changes orbit

Answer: A

Question 144

In the reaction



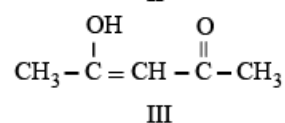
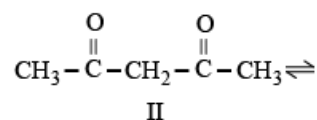
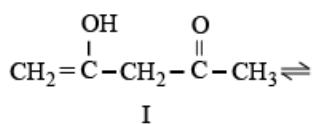
A is:

- A  $\frac{H^+}{H_2O}$
- B  $\frac{HgSO_4}{H_2SO_4}$
- C  $Cu_2Cl^2$
- D  $H_3PO_2$  and  $H_2O$

Answer: D

Question 145

The order of the stability of the following tautomeric compounds is



- A  $II > III > I$
- B  $I > II > III$

C  $III > II > I$

D  $II > I > III$

Answer: C

Question 146

Nylon is an example of

A Polythene

B Polyester

C Polysachharide

D Polyamide

Answer: D

Question 147

$XeF_2$  is iso-structural with:

A  $BaCl_2$

B  $TeF_2$

C  $ICl_2$

D  $SbCl_3$

Answer: C

Question 148

The basic structural unit of silicates is :

A  $SiO_4^{2-}$

B  $SiO^-$

C  $SiO_4^{4-}$

D  $SiO_3^{2-}$

Answer: C

Question 149

Which of the following structure is similar to graphite ?

A  $B_2H_6$

B BN

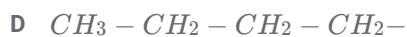
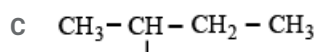
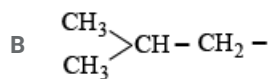
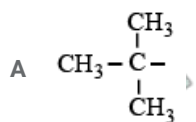
C B

D  $B_4C$

Answer: B

Question 150

The structure of isobutyl group in an organic compound is:



Answer: B

Question 151

The number of carbon atoms per unit cell of diamond unit cell is :

A 1

B 4

C 8

D 6

Answer: C

Question 152

An excess of  $\text{AgNO}_3$  is added to 100 mL of a 0.01M solution of dichlorotetraaquachromium(II) chloride. The number of moles of AgCl precipitated would be:

A 0.01

B 0.001

C 0.002

D 0.003

Answer: B

Question 153

What is the maximum number of electrons that can be associated with the following set of quantum numbers?  $n=3, l=1$  and  $m=-1$ .

A 2

B 10

C 6

D 4

Answer: A



Question 154

Which of these is not a monomer for a high molecular mass silicone polymer?

- A  $PhSiCl_3$
- B  $MeSiCl_3$
- C  $Me_2SiCl_2$
- D  $Me_3SiCl$

Answer: D

Question 155

A reaction having equal energies of activation for forward and reverse reactions has:

- A  $\Delta H = \Delta G = \Delta S = 0$
- B  $\Delta S = 0$
- C  $\Delta G = 0$
- D  $\Delta H = 0$

Answer: A

Question 156

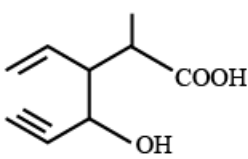
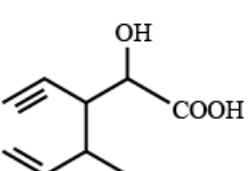
At  $25^\circ C$  molar conductance of 0.1 molar aqueous solution of ammonium hydroxide is  $9.54 \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$  and at infinite dilution its molar conductance is  $238 \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ . The degree of ionisation of ammonium hydroxide at the same concentration and temperature is:

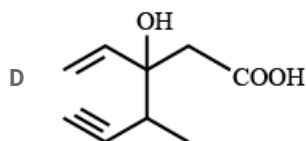
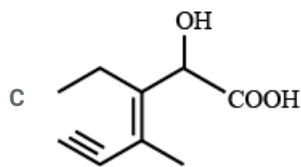
- A 40.800 %
- B 2.080 %
- C 20.800 %
- D 4.008 %

Answer: D

Question 157

Structure of the compound whose IUPAC name is 3-Ethyl-2-hydroxy-methylhex-3-en-5-ynoic acid is :

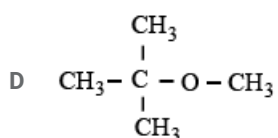
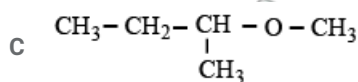
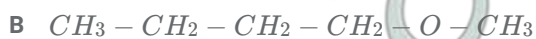
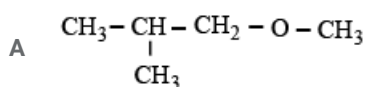
- A 
- B 



Answer: C

Question 158

Among the following ethers which one will produce methyl alcohol on treatment with hot concentrated HI?



Answer: D

Question 159

Antiseptics and disinfectants either kill or prevent growth of microorganisms. Identify which of the following statements is not true :

A Disinfectants harm the living tissues.

B A 0.2% solution of phenol is an antiseptic while 1% solution acts as a disinfectant.

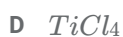
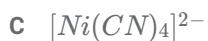
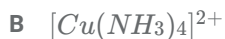
C Chlorine and Iodine are used as strong disinfectants.

D Dilute solutions of Boric acid and Hydrogen Peroxide are strong antiseptics.

Answer: C

Question 160

A magnetic moment of 1.73 BM will be shown by one among the following:



Answer: B

Question 161

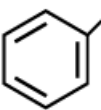
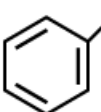
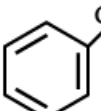
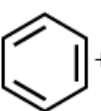
$KMnO_4$  can be prepared from  $K_2MnO_4$  as per the reaction  $3MnO_4^{2-} + 2H_2O \rightleftharpoons 2MnO_4^- + MnO_2 + 4OH^-$ . The reaction can go to completion by removing  $OH^-$  ions by adding :

- A  $SO_2$
- B  $HCl$
- C  $KOH$
- D  $CO_2$

Answer: D

Question 162

Reaction by which Benzaldehyde cannot be prepared :

- A  + Zn/Hg and conc. HCl
- B  +  $CrO_2Cl_2$  in  $CS_2$  followed by  $H_3O^+$
- C  +  $H_2$  in presence of Pd-BaSO<sub>4</sub>
- D  + CO + HCl in presence of anhydrous  $AlCl_3$

Answer: A

Question 163

Which of the following does not give oxygen on heating ?

- A  $(NH_4)_2Cr_2O_7$
- B  $KClO_3$
- C  $Zn(ClO_3)_2$
- D  $K_2Cr_2O_7$

Answer: A

Question 164

A metal has a fcc lattice. The edge length of the unit cell is 404 pm. The density of the metal is  $2.72 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$ . The molar mass of the metal is : ( $N_A$  Avagadro's constant =  $6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ )

- A  $20 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

B  $40 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

C  $30 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

D  $27 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

Answer: D

#### Question 165

Dipole - induced dipole interactions are present in which of the following pairs :

A  $\text{SiF}_4$  and He atoms

B  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and alcohol

C  $\text{Cl}_2$  and  $\text{CCl}_4$

D  $\text{HCl}$  and He atoms

Answer: D

#### Question 166

Roasting of sulphides gives the gas X as a by-product. This is a colorless gas with choking smell of burnt sulphur and causes great damage to respiratory organs as a result of acid rain. Its aqueous solution is acidic, acts as a reducing agent and its acid has never been isolated. The gas X is:

A  $\text{SO}_3$

B  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$

C  $\text{SO}_2$

D  $\text{CO}_2$

Answer: C

#### Question 167

Some meta- directing substituents in aromatic substitution are given .Which one is most deactivating?

A  $-\text{NO}_2$

B  $-\text{CN}$

C  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$

D  $-\text{COOH}$

Answer: A

#### Question 168

Nitrobenzene on reaction with  $\text{conc. HNO}_3$  /  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  at  $80 - 100^\circ\text{C}$  forms which one of the following products?

A 1,2,4- Trinitrobenzene

B 1,2-Dinitrobenzene

C 1,3-Dinitrobenzene

D 1,4-Dinitrobenzene

Answer: C

Question 169

A hydrogen gas electrode is made by dipping platinum wire in a solution of HCl of pH = 10 and by passing hydrogen gas around the platinum wire at one atm pressure. The oxidation potential of electrode would be ?

A 1.18V

B 0.059V

C 0.59V

D 0.118V

Answer: C

Question 170

Which of the following is a polar molecule ?

A  $XeF_4$

B  $BF_3$

C  $SF_4$

D  $SiF_4$

Answer: C

Question 171

A button cell used in watches functions as following  $Zn(s) + Ag_2O(s) + H_2O(l) \rightleftharpoons 2Ag(s) + Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2OH^-(aq)$

If half cell potentials are  $Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2e^- \rightarrow Zn(s); E^\circ = -0.76V$

$Ag_2O(s) + H_2O(l) + 2e^- \rightarrow 2Ag(s) + 2OH^-(aq), E^\circ = -0.34V$

The cell potential will be:

A 1.34 V

B 1.10 V

C 0.42 V

D 0.84 V

Answer: B

Question 172

Which of these is least likely to act as a Lewis base ?

A  $PF_3$

B CO

C  $F^-$

D  $BF_3$

Answer: D

Question 173

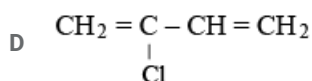
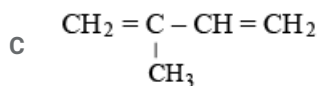
Which of the following compounds will not undergo Friedal - Craft's reaction easily :

- A Toluene
- B Cumene
- C Xylene
- D Nitrobenzene

Answer: D

Question 174

Which is the monomer of Neoprene in the following?



Answer: D

Question 175

$6.02 \times 10^{20}$  molecules of urea are present in 100 ml. of its solution. The concentration of solution is;

- A 0.1 M
- B 0.02 M
- C 0.01 M
- D 0.001 M

Answer: C

Question 176

Maximum deviation from ideal gas is expected from:

- A  $NH_3(g)$
- B  $H_2(g)$
- C  $N_2(g)$
- D  $CH_4(g)$

Answer: A

Question 177

Which of the following is paramagnetic ?

- A  $NO^+$
- B  $CO$
- C  $O_2^-$
- D  $CN^-$

Answer: C

Question 178

Identify correct order of solubility in aqueous medium

- A  $Na_2S > ZnS > CuS$
- B  $CuS > ZnS > Na_2S$
- C  $ZnS > Na_2S > CuS$
- D  $Na_2S > CuS > ZnS$

Answer: A

Question 179

What is the activation energy for a reaction if its rate doubles when the temperature is raised from  $20^\circ C$  to  $35^\circ C$  ( $R = 8.314 J mol^{-1} K^{-1}$ )

- A  $15.1 kJ mol^{-1}$
- B  $342 kJ mol^{-1}$
- C  $269 kJ mol^{-1}$
- D  $34.7 kJ mol^{-1}$

Answer: D

Question 180

Which is the strongest acid in the following?

- A  $H_2SO_3$
- B  $H_2SO_4$
- C  $HClO_3$
- D  $HClO_4$

Answer: D