RBI Grade B 25 Aug 2013

General Awareness

Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 1

U.K. Sinha, who was in the recent news, is the Chairman of

A   Planning Commission of India

B   Securities and Exchange Board of India

C   Competition Commission of India

D   Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority

E   Forwards Market Commission

   Answer: B

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Question 2

Which of the following does not correctly describe NABARD?

A   It is an apex development bank

B   Its headquarters is based in New Delhi

C   It was established in 1982 by a special act by the parliament

D   It is active in developing financial inclusion policy

E   It is responsible for credit flow for elevation of agriculture & rural non farm sector

   Answer: B

Question 3

Who among the following was recently appointed as the new Governor of the Reserve Bank of India?

A   K C Chakrabarty

B   Uhjit Patel

C   Raghuram Rajan

D   Anand Sinha

E   H.R. Khan

   Answer: C

Question 4

To which country does Muhammad Yunus, who developed the concepts of microcredit and microfinance, belong?

A   Egypt

B Pakistan

C Indonesia

D England

E Bangladesh

   Answer: E

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Question 5

Which of the following does not correctly explain the market practice of Insider Trading?

A It is the trading of a public company's stock

B It is the trading of bonds or stock options by individuals with access to non-public information about the company

C Matters related to insider trading in India are dealt by Forward Market Commission

D Insider trading in India is governed by the Prohibition of Insider Trading regulations 1992

E None of these

   Answer: C

Question 6

Which of the following has the authority to appoint Banking Ombudsman in India?

A SEBI

B RBI

C NABARD

D CII

E Ministry of Finance, Government of India

   Answer: B

Question 7

Union Finance Minister P Chidambaram recently asked Public sector banks of India to set up ATMs in all branches by

A December 2013

B January 2014

C March 2014

D October 2014

E January 2015

   Answer: C

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Question 8

Which of the following companies manufacture Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs) in India?

A Bharat Electronics Limited

B Electronics Corporation of India

C Hindustan Machine Tool and

D Steel Authority of India Limited

E Both 1 and 2

Answer: E

Question 9

Which of the following, in the banking sector, measures the ability of a company to meet its short term debt obligations?

A Current ratio

B Acid test ratio

C Cash ratio

D Working capital ratio

E All of the above

Answer: E

Question 10

The Reserve Bank of India recently barred from disbursing loans against gold coins weighing more than

A 10 gram

B 25 gram

C 50 gram

D 100 gram

E 122 gram

Answer: C

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Question 11

Who has authored the novel, titled 'Half Life'?

A Shelley Jackson

B Vikram Seth

C Hillary Clinton

D Lisa Ray

E Angelina Jolie

Answer: A

Question 12

Which of the following is correct regarding the Securities Transaction Tax?

A It is not applicable on off-market transactions

B It is not applicable on commodity transactions

C It is not applicable on currency transactions

D It was originally introduced in 2004

E All of the above

Answer: E

Question 13

Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding FDI or FII stake in any company?

A Less than 10 per cent stake in a company is treated as FDI under international classification

B More than 10 per cent stake in a company is treated as FII under international

C FDI entities have greater powers in terms of share transactions and voting rights in comparison to FII

D FIIs are allowed to conduct private transactions, while FDIs are not

E All of the above

Answer: C

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Question 14

Every commercial bank in India have to maintain liquid assets such as precious metals (gold) or other approved securities as reserves other than the cash. This is known as Statutory Liquidity Ratio. What is its present rate?

A 40 per cent

B 32 per cent

C 25 per cent

D 23 per cent

E 18 per cent

Answer: D

Question 15

The government is giving a fresh push to its flagship rural employment scheme ahead of the general elections, providing additional funds to four states. Which one is not among those states?

A Uttar Pradesh

B Bihar

C Chhattisgarh

D Jharkhand

E Odisha

   Answer: C

Question 16

What is the standard weight in which gold is quoted in the international market?

A Ounce

B Gram

C Troy ounce

D Grain

E Pennyweight

   Answer: C

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Question 17

Who heads the Committee on Insurance Broking which was in news recently?

A Abhijit Sen

B Suresh Mathur

C Anil Pradhan

D Ketan Agarwal

E Dinesh Avasthi

   Answer: B

Question 18

Mr. Anil Khatri filed a complaint with the Banking Ombudsman. However, he is not satisfied with the decision of the Ombudsman. Whom can he approach now for the redressal of his grievance?

A Chief Justice of respective High Court

B Banking Ombudsman Tribunal

C Governor of Reserve Bank of India

D   Supreme Court of India

E   Deputy Governor of Reserve Bank of India

  Answer: E

Question 19

What is the name of a path-breaking initiative by the Government and the Indian Banks' Association which promises to bring basic banking services to 73,000 unbanked villages with a population of 2,000 and above?

A   Swabalamban

B   Chetna

C   Swabhimaan

D   Akanksha

E   Sugam-Sulabh

  Answer: C

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Question 20

In which state of India is the Koyna Hydroelectric Power project located?

A   Odisha

B   Maharashtra

C   Andhra Pradesh

D   Karnataka

E   Gujarat

  Answer: B

Question 21

Which of the following categories does not come under Priority Sector Lending in India?

A   Education

B   Housing

C   Export credit

D   Health

E   Micro and Small Enterprises

  Answer: D

Question 22

What was the number of banking licence applicants before the reserve Bank of India for opening of new banks by 31 May 2013?

A 15

B 26

C 33

D 40

E 44

   Answer: B

General Knowledge Questions & Answers (Download pdf)

Question 23

As per a new circular by the Reserve Bank of India in July 2013, for High Risk Customers/entities, Banks will now be required to update KYC data only once in

A 1 month

B 3 months

C 6 months

D 1 year

E 2 years

   Answer: E

Question 24

To whom is the Pre-Shipment Finance given in India?

A Aviation companies

B Exporters

C Stock Market Brokers

D Importers

E Individuals with CIBIL rank above 850

   Answer: B

Question 25

With which of the following countries is the Nifty Index associated?

A Japan

B USA

C India

D The Netherlands

E Britain

   Answer: C

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Question 26

The abbreviation RIDF stands for

A   Rural Infrastructure Development Fund

B   Rural Investment for Development of Farming

C   Rate In Diligent Firm

D   Rural India's Direct Fund

E   None of these

   Answer: A

Question 27

In which month of the year is Income Tax Return filed in India where the assessee is a Company?

A   March

B   May

C   July

D   October

E   December

   Answer: D

Question 28

With which sport is Akshay B. Gaikwad associated?

A   Chess

B   Shooting

C   Billiards

D   Weightlifting

E   Archery

   Answer: D

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Question 29

The 'Father of Mouse' died recently. Who was he?

A   Paul L. Morton

B   Douglas Engelbart

C Eileen Clegg

D Alan Kay

E John R. Woodward

Answer: B

Question 30

On which day is the World Consumer Rights Day celebrated across the world?

A 14 January

B 15 March

C 8 April

D 1 July

E 5 August

Answer: B

Question 31

The document which specifies the internal operations of a company is known as

A Audit Report

B Assessment Report

C Article of Association

D Operational Synopsis

E Blueprint

Answer: C

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Question 32

With reference to the Swadhar Scheme, who among the following is/are not its beneficiaries?

A Women victims of terrorist/ extremist violence

B Widows deserted by their families

C Women subject to domestic violence

D Women survivors of natural disaster

E Women with HIV/AIDS deserted by their family

Answer: C

Question 33

Which of the following companies has maximum shareholding in the India Mortgage Guarantee Corporation (IMGC)?

A   National Housing Bank

B   Genworth

C   Asian Development Bank

D   International Finance Corporation

E   World Bank

Answer: A

Question 34

The Reserve Bank recently released the final guidelines for issuing of new banking licences. As per these guidelines, foreign shareholding in the new bank for the first five years will be up to

A   16 per cent

B   33 per cent

C   49 per cent

D   51 per cent

E   64 per cent

Answer: C

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Question 35

Which term is used to describe a situation where an inflation rate is high, the economic growth rate slows down, and unemployment remains steadily high?

A   Recession

B   Depreciation

C   Stagflation

D   Depression

E   Running inflation

Answer: C

Question 36

Which of the following is not correct regarding the Reverse Repo Rate?

A   It is the rate at which commercial banks borrow money from Reserve Bank of India

B   It is a monetary policy instrument

C   An increase in the reverse repo rate will decrease the money supply

D   Both 2 and 3

E   None of these

Answer: A

Question 37

Which measure is used by the Reserve Bank of India to buy or sell government bonds or other securities in open market?

A   Rationing of Credit

B   Direct Action

C   Consumer Credit Regulation

D   Statutory Liquidity Ratio

E   Open Market Operations

   Answer: E

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Question 38

Who among the following is the Director of the Central Bureau of Investigation?

A   Ranjit Sinha

B   Amar Pratap Singh

C   U.S. Misra

D   RK. Raghavan

E   P.C. Sharma

   Answer: A

Question 39

Who among the following is the recipient of the Rajiv Gandhi National Sadhbhavna Award 2013?

A   A.R. Rahman

B   D.R. Mehta

C   Amjad All Khan

D   Yash Chopra

E   Shiv Kumar Sharma

   Answer: C

Question 40

Who is appointed as the Chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank of the United States of America?

A   Treasury Secretary of the United States

B   A member of the Board of Governors of the federal Reserve Bank

C A former Governor on the board of the International Monetary Fund

D Anyone having expertise in the field of finance and social service

E None of these

Answer: B

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Question 41

Which term is generally used for an Insurance Broker?

A Underwriter

B Agent

C Liaison Officer

D Actuary

E Assessor

Answer: B

Question 42

What is the expanded form of VAT?

A Value Additional Tariff

B Varying Actual Tax

C Variable Aviation Tariff

D Value Added Tax

E Variable Accounting Tax

Answer: D

Question 43

Biocon is a

A Fertilizer company

B Gas company

C Hydro Power company

D Pharmaceutical company

E Water Harvesting company

Answer: D

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Question 44

Which is the designated body for creating the necessary infrastructure to ensure KYC compliance for the Mutual Fund Industry?

A   SEBI

B   RBI

C   FICCI

D   CVL

E   IRDA

Answer: D

Question 45

Under the Senior Citizens Savings Scheme, 2004, what was the tenure of the deposit account?

A   1 year

B   2 years

C   3 years

D   5 years

E   7 years

Answer: D

Question 46

The government recently approved liberalisation of FDI norms in a dozen of sectors. In this context, which global supermarket chain has been allowed to set up cold storages and warehouses in the country?

A   Wal-Mart Stores

B   Tesco

C   Sub Way

D   Nestle Inc

E   Only 1 and 2

Answer: E

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Question 47

Which Internet giant recently bought the micro-blogging and social networking website Tumblf?

A   Google

B   Yahoo

C   Facebook

D MySpace

E AOL

 Answer: B

Question 48

The Government of India recently launched a nation- wide campaign 'Tears you apart" to raise awareness on

A HIV/AIDS

B Smokeless Tobacco

C Female Infanticide

D Global Warming and Climate Change

E The Landslide in Uttarakhand which led to human tragedy

 Answer: B

Question 49

Accounting practices that follow required laws and regulations, but deviate from what those standards intend to accomplish, are known as

A Imaginative accounting

B Creative accounting

C Innovative accounting

D Window dressing

E Aesthetic accounting

 Answer: B

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Question 50

Which of the following countries has the highest population density in the world?

A Monaco

B Bangladesh

C India

D Mauritius

E Mongolia

 Answer: A

Question 51

Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the issuance of Tax Free Bonds in India?

A They usually pay lower coupons than corporate bonds

B They enjoy a better credit rating than corporate bonds

C They are generally issued by government backed entities

D The interest received on these bonds is tax-free

E All of these

   Answer: E

Question 52

When a payment is made through RTGS/NEFT, the customer/remitter receives an acknowledgement of the payment made. What is the fog in of that acknowledgement?

A Downloadable acknowledgement slip from the Reserve Bank of India website

B Email

C SMS

D Both 2 and 3

E All of 1, 2 and 3

   Answer: D

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Question 53

The Monetary Policy Statement 2013-14, released by the Reserve Bank of India on 3 May 2013, expressed concerns over Current Account Deficit (CAD) as the biggest risk to Indian economy. What percentage of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) was comprised by CAD in Quarter 3 (December quarter) of 2012-2013?

A 4.2 per cent

B 5.1 per cent

C 5.9 per cent

D 6.2 per cent

E 6.7 per cent

   Answer: E

Question 54

Which telecom company of India provides networking services in Africa?

A Bharti Airtel

B Tata Teleservices

C Vodafone India

D Reliance Communications

E Idea Cellular

   Answer: A

Question 55

As per the revised estimates of poverty line in India which were released in July 2013, what was the percentage of people below poverty line in the country as a whole in 2011,2012?

A 15.3 per cent

B 21.9 per cent

C 25.7 per cent

D 37.2 per cent

E 41.8 per cent

   Answer: B

Question 56

The Prime Minister of China paid a three-day visit to India in May 2013. Who is he?

A Li Peng

B Zhu Rongji

C Wen Jiabao

D Li Keqiang

E Hua Guofeng

   Answer: D

Question 57

Which of the following statements is/are not correct regarding Headline Inflation in India?

A It is a measure of the total inflation within an economy

B It doesn't take account of service sector

C It differs from core inflation

D It is also known as underlying inflation

E Wholesale Price Index is considered as the headline inflation indicator in India

   Answer: D

Question 58

What does ALM stand for in the banking industry?

A Application Lifecycle Management

B Asset Liability Management

C Application for Loan Management

D Asset Loss Management

E None of these

   Answer: B

General Knowledge Questions & Answers (Download pdf)

Question 59

The full form of IFSC is

A Indian Financial System Code

B Instant Fund for System Change

C Internet Foreign Sales Code

D Indian Foreign Service Compliance

E Indian Forward Securities Commission

   Answer: A

Question 60

Oscar Award winning movie 'Slumdog Millionaire' was an adaptation of the novel Q & A. who authored this novel?

A Arundhati Ghosh

B Jhumpa Lahiri

C Chetan Bhagat

D Vikas Swarup

E Kaushal Kishore

   Answer: D

Question 61

In which country is the Bank for International Settlements located?

A United States of America

B Switzerland

C Belgium

D Canada

E Japan

   Answer: B

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Question 62

Which of the following countries/regional group has the highest Foreign Exchange Reserves?

A China

B Japan

C United States of America

D Switzerland

E Saudi Arabia

Answer: A

Question 63

For which movie did Vidya Balan win the IIFA Awards 2013 for Best Actress In A Leading Role?

A Dirty Picture

B Kahaani

C Ishqiya

D Heroine

E Ghanchakkar

Answer: B

Question 64

Starting 1 June 2013, the tax deducted at source has been applicable on the value of transfer of immovable property worth_____ and above.

A Rs. 5 lath

B Rs. 10 lakh

C Rs. 25 lath

D Rs 50 lakh

E Rs. 1 crore

Answer: D

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Question 65

When a bank deposits a fake note to the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the amount paid by RBI to the bank is

A 5 per cent of the amount of the fake note

B 10 per cent of the amount of the fake note

C 18 per cent of the amount of the fake note

D 25 per cent of the amount of the fake note

E 33 per cent of the amount of the fake note

Answer: D

Question 66

At which place is the National Defence Academy located?

A Dehradun

B Khadakwasla

C Secunderabad

D Jaipur

E Lucknow

Answer: B

Question 67

Which derivative instrument is used by foreign investors who wish to invest in India?

A P-Notes

B Futures

C Swaps

D Forwards

E Collars

Answer: A

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Question 68

Who among the following is the Chief Economist of the World Bank?

A Parthasarathi Shome

B Vijay Kelkar

C Kaushik Basu

D Raghuram Rajan

E Amartya Sen

Answer: C

Question 69

What is the name of the central bank of Pakistan?

A Reserve Bank of Pakistan

B State Bank of Pakistan

C Federal Bank of Pakistan

D Federal Reserve Bank of Pakistan

E Central Reserve Bank of Pakistan

Answer: B

Question 70

The system of cheque clearing and settlement between banks based on electronic data/images or both without physical exchange of instrument is known as

A Cheque Truncation

B Cheque Embossing

C Cheque Standardization

D Cheque Digitalization

E Cheque Clearance

Answer: A

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Question 71

As per recent guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India, how much will a customer have to pay for checking account balance at a white label ATM?

A Rs. 1

B Rs. 2

C Rs. 5

D Rs. 10

E Rs. 20

Answer: C

Question 72

A segment of the financial market in which financial instruments with high liquidity and very short maturities are traded is known as

A Money Market

B Stock Market

C Derivative Market

D Equity Market

E Mutual Fund Market

   Answer: A

Question 73

Which state legislature of India recently announced to go paperless with funding from the World Bank?

A Bihar

B Andhra Pradesh

C Maharashtra

D Uttar Pradesh

E Karnataka

   Answer: B

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Question 74

Which US city recently filed for Chapter 9, Title 11 of the United States Code bankruptcy protection?

A Seattle

B Detroit

C New York

D Washington

E Houston

   Answer: B

Question 75

To which category of banking sector does SIFO, which was in the recent news, belong?

A Regional Rural Bank

B Scheduled Commercial Bank

C Non-Banking Financial Company

D Residuary Non-Banking Company

E Non-Banking Foreign Investor

   Answer: D

Question 76

In order to reflect a bank's actual financial health in its balance sheet with respect to Non Performing Assets (NPAs), the Reserve Bank of India has introduced prudential norms in a phased manner. This has been done in accordance with the recommendations of

A Jalan Committee

B   Ahluwalia Committee

C   Narasimham Committee

D   Reddy Committee

E   Shome Committee

   Answer: C

Question 77

Indraprastha Gas Limited (IGL) Suraksha Yojana, which was in recent news, is a group accident insurance scheme for

A   Women

B   Drivers

C   Destitute

D   Old

E   Handicapped People

   Answer: B

Question 78

The Employee Unique Identification Number (EUIN) is not applicable to

A   Registration of Systematic Withdrawal Plan

B   Switches

C   Registration of Systematic Investment Plan

D   Purchases

E   Registration of Systematic Transfer

   Answer: A

Question 79

The government recently red-flagged over 250 dubious banking transactions. Most of such transactions are related to

A   Money laundering

B   Ponzi Schemes

C   Social Schemes

D   Insider Trading

E   Both 1 and 4

   Answer: B

Question 80

Who, among the following, is the author of 'Ignited Minds'?

A   Manmohan Singh

B   Poornima Advani

C   Jaswant Singh

D   A.P.J. Abdul Kalam

E   Shanta Sinha

   Answer: D

Explanation:
ENGLISH LANGUAGE

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English

Instructions

In each of the following questions, a sentence/passage is given with two blank spaces. Three phrases/sentences are given below, two of which can be placed in blank spaces to make a meaningful sentence/passage. If none of the phrases/sentences is appropriate, mark e: as the answer.

Question 81

We are _____ a great chemical experiment and ____to scientists.
A. living in the midst of
B. some serious consequences are becoming apparent
C. in threat of

A   A and B

B   A and C

C   B and C

D   C and B

E   None of these

   Answer: A

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Question 82

The ensure _____and thus facilitate economic growth China_____ North Korea.
A. destabilisation of a flash point
B. a stable security environment within 1 he region
C. played an active role in facilitating negotiations with

A   A and B

B   B and C

C   C and A

D   A and C

E   None of these

   Answer: B

Question 83

Indian corporate leaders_____ global giants_____ and market share.
A. had done well standing up
B. as their companies have grown in size
C. have done well standing up to

A   A and B

B   B and C

C   C and B

D   A and C

E   None of these

   Answer: C

Question 84

Every country has____ for citizens____.
A. lay down comprehensive rules
B. laid down comprehensive series of practical rules.
C. for resolving mutual contradictory rights and interests.

A   A and B

B   B and C

C   C and A

D   A and C

E   None of these

   Answer: B

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Question 85

_____that the developed world_____ of the world's poor.
A. It is a myth
B. already gives plenty of aid
C. It was a myth

A   A and B

B   B and C

C   C and B

D A and C

E None of these

   Answer: A

Instructions

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words/phrases are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word/ phrase in each case, Marine life (1) along the coast and in the ocean results from harmful fishing practices such as trawling or dynamite fishing; poor land use practices in agricultural. (2) development and forestry sectors; and the human activities such as mining and anchoring. Destroyed habitats include sea grasses. marshes, corals and mangroves - all of which are important nurseries for fish and critical for buffering coasts from storm damage. Damaging habitat can lead to increased (3) and sedimentation, increased impact from storms, fewer (4) grounds and fewer places for animals and plants to live. Destructive fishing, land-based sedimentation, dredging, marine recreation, typhoons and storms, poor agricultural practices, and coastal development and land (5) increasingly (6) and devastate productive marine habitats. One major ecological impact derives from increased sediment loads in coastal waters from activities such as logging. Sedimentation, which produces turbidity and limits the (7) of sunlight (8) primary and secondary producers- thus altering food web dynamics. The smothering of coral reefs by sediment also (9) fish and produces ecosystem changes. Chemicals in sediments, such as DDT or heavy metals, may bio accumulate in marine life as well. Oil spilling is also major problem for the destruction of the (10) life.

Question 86

(1)

A destruction

B construction

C obstruction

D description

E evolution

   Answer: A

Question 87

(2)

A coast

B coastal

C coasting

D bank

E edge

   Answer: B

Question 88

(3)

A igneous

B   deposit

C   erosion

D   metamorphic

E   deposition

   Answer: C

Question 89

(4)

A   nursing

B   hospitablity

C   nourishing

D   nursery

E   helpful

   Answer: D

Question 90

(5)

A   reclamation

B   accumulate

C   accommodation

D   deserting

E   habitat

   Answer: A

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Question 91

(6)

A   add

B   impair

C   sound

D   destructive

E   construct

   Answer: B

Question 92

(7)

A penetrate

B filter

C obstruction

D passing

E penetration

Answer: E

Question 93

(8)

A effects

B affects

C endangers

D facilitates

E reduces

Answer: B

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Question 94

(9)

A increases

B negates

C reduces

D produces

E reduced

Answer: C

Question 95

(10)

A coastal

B ocean

C marine

D land

E forest

   Answer: C

Instructions

Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.
(A) Development of drought resistance could benefit large numbers of farmers,
(B) Hence the human race has no choice but to adapt to these impacts.
(C) India has to be concerned about climatic changes.
(D) This impact can run into decades and centuries.
(E) Environment day is thus an important occasion to assess the past arid our future.
(F) Since there is a possibility of adverse impact on agriculture which could deter growth.

Question 96

Which is the FIFTH sentence of the passage after the rearrangement ?

A   (F)

B   (D)

C   (E)

D   (A)

E   (C)

   Answer: D

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Question 97

Which is the THIRD sentence of the passage ?

A   (A)

B   (D)

C   (B)

D   (C)

E   (E)

   Answer: B

Question 98

Which is the SECOND sentence of the passage ?

A   (B)

B   (D)

C   (F)

D   (C)

E   (E)

Answer: C

Question 99

Which is the LAST (SIXTH) sentence of the passage ?

A (C)

B (B)

C (F)

D (D)

E (E)

   Answer: E

Question 100

Which is the FIRST sentence of the passage ?

A (A)

B (D)

C (C)

D (B)

E (E)

   Answer: D

Instructions

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases are printed in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions. The outside world has pat answers concerning extremely impoverished countries, especially those in Africa. Everything comes back, again and again, to corruption and misrule. Western officials argue that Africa simply
needs to behave itself better, to allow market forces to operate without interference by corrupt rulers. Ye the critics of African governance have it wrong. Politics simply can't explain Africa's **prolonged** economic crisis. The claim that Africa's corruption is the basic source of the problem does not withstand serious scrutiny. During the past decade I witnessed how relatively well-governed countries in Africa, such as Ghana, Malawi, Mali and Senegal, failed to prosper, whereas societies in Asia perceived to have **extensive**
corruption, such as Bangladesh, Indonesia and Pakistan, enjoyed rapid economic growth.
What is the explanation? Every situation of extreme poverty around the world contains some of its own unique causes, which need to be diagnosed as a doctor would a patient. For example, Africa is burdened with malaria like no other part of the world, simply because it is unlucky in providing the perfect conditions for that disease; high temperatures, plenty of breeding sites and particular species of malaria-transmitting mosquitoes that prefer to bite humans rather than cattle.

Another myth is that the developed world already gives plenty of aid to the world's poor. Former U.S. Secretary of the Treasury, Paul O'Neil expressed a common frustration when he remarked about aid for Africa : "We've spent trillions of dollars on these problems and we have damn near nothing to show for it". O'Neil was no foe of foreign aid. Indeed, he wanted to fix the system so that more U.S. aid could be justified. But he was wrong to believe that vast flows of aid to Africa had been **squandered**. President Bush said in a press conference in April 2004 that as "the greatest power on the face of the earth, we have an **obligation** to help the spread of freedom. We have an obligation to feed the hungry". Yet how does the U.S. fulfill its obligation? U.S. aid to farmers in poor countries to help them grow more food runs at around $200 million per year, far less than $1 per person per year for the hundreds of millions of people living

in subsistence farm households.

From the world as a whole, the amount of aid per African per year is really very small, just $30 per sub- Saharan African in 2002. Of that **modest** amount, almost $5 was actually for consultants from the donor countries, more than $3 was for emergency aid, about $4 went for servicing Africa's debts and $ 5 was for debt-relief operations. The rest, about $12, went to Africa. Since the "money down the drain" argument is heard most frequently in the U.S., it's worth looking at the same calculations for U.S. aid alone. In 2002, the U.S. gave $3 per sub-Saharan African. Taking out the parts for U.S. consultants and technical cooperation, food and other emergency aid, administrative costs and debt relief, the aid per African came to grand total of 6 cents.

The U.S. has promised repeatedly over the decades, as a signatory to global agreements like the Monterrey Consensus of 2002, to give a much larger proportion of its annual output, specifically upto 0.7% of GNP, to official development assistance. The U.S. failure to follow through has no political fallout domestically, of course, because not one in a million U.S. citizens even knows of statements like the Monterrey Consensus.
But no one should underestimate the salience that it has around the world. Spin as American might about their nation's generosity, the poor countries are fully aware of what the U.S. is not doing.

Question 101

The passage seems to emphasize that the outside world has

A   correct understanding about the reasonable aid provided by the USA to the poor countries

B   definite information about what is happening in under developed countries

C   stopped extending any financial aid to underdeveloped countries

D   misconceptions about the aid given to the poor nations by developed countries

E   None of these

   Answer: D

Question 102

According to the Westerners the solution to eradicate poverty of African nations lies in

A   corruption

B   improving their own national behaviour

C   misrule

D   prolonged economic crisis

E   None of these

   Answer: B

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Question 103

The author has given the example of Bangladesh, Indonesia and Pakistan in support of his argument that

A   corruption is the major culprit in the way of prosperity

B   mis-governance hampers the prosperity of nations

C   despite rampant corruption, nations may prosper

D   developed nations arrogantly neglect underdeveloped countries

E None of these

Answer: C

Question 104

The author has mentioned Ghana as a country with

A reasonably good-governance

B corrupt leadership

C plenty of natural resources

D rapid economic growth

E None of these

Answer: A

Question 105

The cases of malaria in Africa are mainly due to
(A) high temperature
(B) climatic conditions conducive for breeding.
(C) malaria carriers' liking for human blood in preference to that of cattle.

A None of these

B Only B and C

C Only A and C

D Only A and B

E All the three

Answer: E

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Instructions

Choose the word/group of words which is most nearly the same in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

Question 106

OBLIGATION

A lip sympathy

B true empathy

C self pity

D conditional responsibility

E moral binding

Answer: E

Question 107

SQUANDER

A   use economically

B   spend wastefully

C   siphon judiciously

D   donate generously

E   None of these

   Answer: B

Question 108

MODEST

A   humble

B   sufficient

C   meagre

D   sober

E   unpretentious

   Answer: A

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Instructions

Choose the word/group of words which is most OPPOSITE in meaning of the word given in bold as used in the passage.

Question 109

MYTH

A   reality

B   mystery

C   misery

D   misconception

E   exaggeration

   Answer: A

Question 110

EXTENSIVE

A   intensive

B   abominable

C   inherent

D rampant

E negligible

   Answer: E

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Quant

Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 111

Train A crosses a pole and platform in 18 secnds and 39 seconds respectively. The length of platform is 157.5 metre. What will be the length of train B if it is equal to the sum of half of the length of train A and twice the length of the platform?

A 382.5 metre

B 328.5 metre

C 238.5 metre

D 315 metre

E None of these

   Answer: A

Explanation:

Let length of train A = l metres

and speed of train A = x m/s

Using, $time = \frac{distance}{speed}$

$=> \frac{l}{x} = 18$

$=> x = \frac{l}{18}$

Length of platform = 157.5 metres

$=> \frac{157.5 + l}{x} = 39$

Substituting value of x, we get :

$=> \frac{157.5 + l}{39} = \frac{l}{18}$

$=> 13l = 6l + 945$

$=> 13l - 6l = 7l = 945$

$=> l = \frac{945}{7} = 135$ metres

$\therefore$ Length of train B

$= \left(\frac{135}{2}\right) + (157.5 \times 2)$

$= 67.5 + 315 = 382.5$ metres

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Question 112

If 12 boys or 15 girls can do a work in 48 days, in what time will 24 boys and 6 girls do twice the work?

A   42 days

B   40 days

C   45 days

D   30 days

E   None of these

  Answer: B

Explanation:
12 boys or 15 girls can do a work in 48 days

$=> 12 boys \equiv 15 girls$

$=> 24 boys \equiv 30 girls$

We need to find for 24 boys and 6 girls. Substituting value of 24 boys

$=> 24 boys + 6 girls = 36 girls$

Now, using : $\frac{M_1 \times D_1}{W_1} = \frac{M_2 \times D_2}{W_2}$

$=> \frac{15 \times 48}{1} = \frac{36 \times D_2}{2}$

$=> 15 \times 48 = 18 \times D_2$

$=> D_2 = \frac{15 \times 48}{18}$

$=> D_2 = 5 \times 8 = 40$ days

Instructions

What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following number series?

Question 113

224, 576, 752, 840, 884, ?

A   960

B   890

C   906

D   908

E   None of these

  Answer: C

Explanation:
Numbers of the form (22×2^n) are added where n is whole number.

$224 + (22 \times 2^4) = 576$

$576 + (22 \times 2^3) = 752$

$752 + (22 \times 2^2) = 840$

$840 + (22 \times 2^1) = 884$

$884 + (22 \times 2^0) = $ **906**

Question 114

55, 66.15, 88.45, 121.9, 166.5, ?

A 212.25

B 322.25

C 224.25

D 222.25

E None of these

 Answer: D

Explanation:
Successive multiples of 11.15 are added.

$55 + (11.15 \times 1) = 66.15$

$66.15 + (11.15 \times 2) = 88.45$

$88.45 + (11.15 \times 3) = 121.9$

$121.9 + (11.15 \times 4) = 166.5$

$166.5 + (11.15 \times 5) =$ **222.25**

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Question 115

36, 49, 75, 88, 114, (?)

A 130

B 140

C 132

D 128

E 127

 Answer: E

Explanation:
13 and 26 are added alternatively

36 + 13 = 49

49 + 26 = 75

75 + 13 = 88

88 + 26 = 114

114 + 13 = **127**

Instructions

In the following graph the number of laptops manufactured by six different companies in the years 2010 and 2011 has been given. Read the graph carefully and answer the questions.

Number of Laptops (in thousands) manufactured by 6 different companies
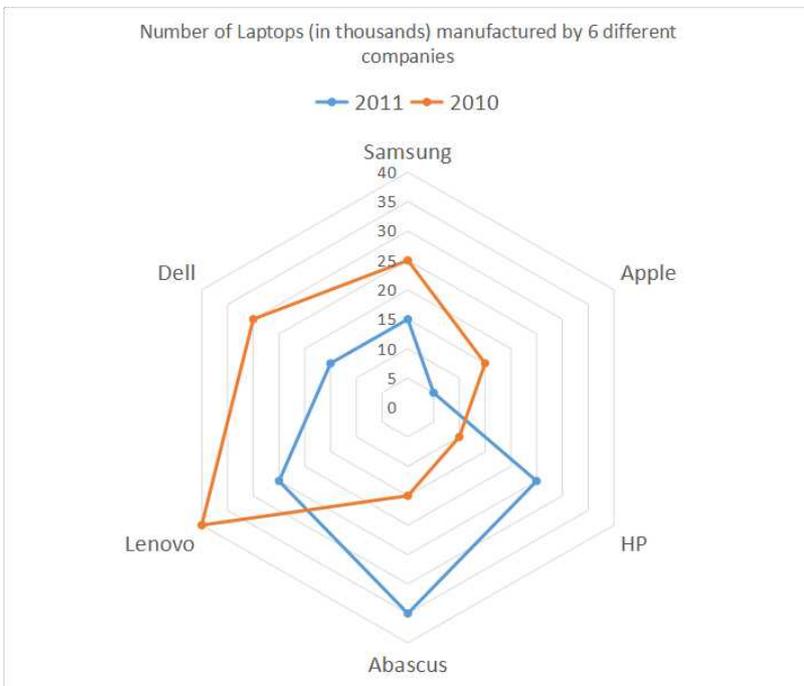
Question 116

The respective ratio between the number of laptops manufactured by Lenovo in 2010 and that by Abascus in 2011 is

A 8 : 7

B 7 : 8

C 3: 5

D 5 : 3

E None of these

Answer: A

Explanation:

Number of laptops manufactured by Lenovo in 2010 = 40

Number of laptops manufactured by Abascus in 2011 = 35

=> Required ratio = 40 : 35

= 8 : 7

Question 117

What is the average number of laptops (in thousands) manufactured by all companies taken together in 2010?

A 22

B 22.5

C 32.5

D 23.5

E 27.5

Answer: B

Explanation:

Number of laptops (in thousands) manufactured by all companies taken together in 2010

$= 25 + 15 + 10 + 15 + 40 + 30$

$= 135$

=> Required average = $\frac{135}{6}$

$= \frac{45}{2} = 22.5$

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Question 118

What is the percentage increase in production of laptops by HP in 2011 in comparison to that in 2010?

A   125

B   100

C   150

D   250

E   None of these

   Answer: C

Explanation:

Number of laptops produced by HP in 2010 (in thousands) = 10

Number of laptops produced by HP in 2011 (in thousands) = 25

=> Required % increase = $\frac{25 - 10}{10} \times 100$

$= 15 \times 10 = 150\%$

Question 119

The difference between the number of laptops manufactured by Apple, Lenovo and Samsung in 2010 and that by Dell, HP and Abascus in 2011 is

A   5500

B   4550

C   3550

D   4500

E   5000

   Answer: E

Explanation:

Number of laptops manufactured by Apple, Lenovo and Samsung in 2010

$= 15,000 + 40,000 + 25,000 = 80,000$

Number of laptops manufactured by Dell, HP and Abascus in 2011

$= 15,000 + 25,000 + 35,000 = 75,000$

=> Required difference = $80,000 - 75,000$

$= 5,000$

Question 120

In 2011, which company manufactured the maximum number of laptops?

A Abascus

B Lenovo

C Dell

D Samsung

E HP

   Answer: A

Explanation:
Number of laptops manufactured (in thousands) in 2011 by :

Samsung = 15

Apple = 5

HP = 25

Abascus = 35 **[MAX]**

Lenovo = 25

Dell = 15

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Instructions

Read the following bar diagram carefully to answer the questions given below.
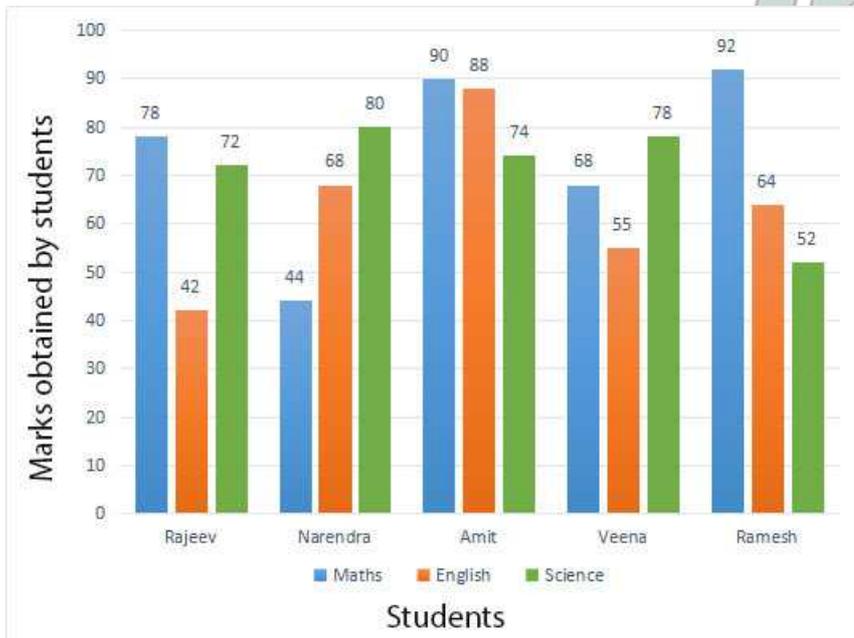
Question 121

Which student scored the maximum marks in all the subjects taken together?

A Rajeev

B   Narendra

C   Amit

D   Veena

E   Ramesh

Answer: C

Explanation:

Total marks scored in all the subjects by :

Rajeev = $78 + 42 + 72 = 192$

Narendra = $44 + 68 + 80 = 192$

Amit = $90 + 88 + 74 = 252$ **[MAX]**

Veena = $68 + 55 + 78 = 201$

Ramesh = $92 + 64 + 52 = 208$

Question 122

The difference between the average marks obtained by Narendra and Veena is

A   5

B   3

C   4

D   6

E   7

Answer: B

Explanation:

Total marks scored by Narendra

$= 44 + 68 + 80 = 192$

Total marks scored by Veena

$= 68 + 55 + 78 = 201$

=> Difference in marks = $201 - 192 = 9$

∴ Required difference in average marks = $\frac{9}{3} = 3$

Question 123

If the maximum marks of each subject are 100, what is the approximate percentage of marks got by Ramesh?

A   67

B   66

C   64

D   69

E   72

Answer: D

Explanation:

Total marks scored by Ramesh in all the subjects

$= 92 + 64 + 52 = 208$

Maximum marks in the three subjects $= 3 \times 100 = 300$

∴ Required % $= \frac{208}{300} \times 100$

$= \frac{208}{3} = 69.33\%$

$\approx 69\%$

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Question 124

By what percentage, the marks obtained by Amit in science is less that in Maths?

A   21

B   24

C   22

D   15

E   18

  Answer: E

Explanation:

Marks obtained by Amit in science = 74

Marks obtained by Amit in maths = 90

=> Required % decrease $= \frac{90-74}{90} \times 100$

$= \frac{16}{9} \times 10 = 17.77\%$

$\approx 18\%$

Question 125

The ratio of marks obtained by all students in maths and science is respectively

A   89 : 91

B   23 : 25

C   25 : 23

D   93 : 89

E   None of these

  Answer: D

Explanation:

Marks obtained by all students in maths

$= 78 + 44 + 90 + 68 + 92 = 372$

Marks obtained by all students in Science

$= 72 + 80 + 74 + 78 + 52 = 356$

=> Required ratio = $372 : 356$

= $93 : 89$

Instructions

What value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions.

Question 126

$7072 \div (16\% \, of \, 884) = 30 \times 1\frac{1}{2} of (? \div 39)$

A 43

B 62

C 65

D 55

E 67

   Answer: A

Explanation:

Expression : $7072 \div (16\% \, of \, 884) = 30 \times 1\frac{1}{2} of (? \div 39)$

=> $7072 \div (\frac{16}{100} \times 884) = 30 \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{x}{39}$

=> $8 \times \frac{100}{16} = \frac{15x}{13}$

=> $50 = \frac{15x}{13}$

=> $x = \frac{50 \times 13}{15}$

=> $x = 43.33 \approx 43$

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Question 127

$(562.5 \times 6)^6 \div (135 \div 9)^{10} \div (37.5 \times 6)^7 = (3.75 \times 4)^{?-6}$

A 0

B 2

C 3

D 4

E 5

   Answer: A

Explanation:

Expression : $(562.5 \times 6)^6 \div (135 \div 9)^{10} \div (37.5 \times 6)^7 = (3.75 \times 4)^{?-6}$

=> $(3375)^6 \div (15)^{10} \div (225)^7 = (15)^{x-6}$

=> $((15)^3)^6 \div (15)^{10} \div ((15)^2)^7 = (15)^{x-6}$

=> $(15)^{18} \times \frac{1}{(15)^{10}} \times \frac{1}{(15)^{14}} = (15)^{x-6}$

=> $(15)^{18-10-14} = (15)^{x-6}$

=> $(15)^{-6} = (15)^{x-6}$

Comparing both sides, we get :

=> $x - 6 = -6$

=> $x = 6 - 6 = 0$

Question 128

$1478.4 \div 56 + 66.8 \times 57 = (? \times 3) + (34 \times 34.5)$

A 785

B 887

C 889

D 989

E 885

   Answer: B

Explanation:

Expression : $1478.4 \div 56 + 66.8 \times 57 = (? \times 3) + (34 \times 34.5)$

=> $(\frac{1478.4}{56}) + (66.8 \times 57) = (x \times 3) + (34 \times 34.5)$

=> $26.4 + 3807.6 = 3x + 1173$

=> $3834 = 3x + 1173$

=> $3x = 3834 - 1173 = 2661$

=> $x = \frac{2661}{3} = 887$

Question 129

$(13 + 2\sqrt{5})^2 = ? \times \sqrt{5} + 189$

A 26

B 25

C 52

D 130

E None of these

   Answer: C

Explanation:

Expression : $(13 + 2\sqrt{5})^2 = ? \times \sqrt{5} + 189$

Using : $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$

=> $(13)^2 + (2\sqrt{5})^2 + (2.13.2\sqrt{5}) = (x \times \sqrt{5}) + 189$

=> $169 + 20 + 52\sqrt{5} = x\sqrt{5} + 189$

=> $189 + 52\sqrt{5} = x\sqrt{5} + 189$

Comparing both sides, we get :

=> $x = 52$

Question 130

$0.2 \times 1.1 + 0.6 \times 0.009 =? - 313.06$

A   353.2184

B   353.2854

C   331.54

D   313.2854

E   331.2854

Answer: D

Explanation:

Expression : $0.2 \times 1.1 + 0.6 \times 0.009 =? - 313.06$

=> $0.22 + 0.0054 = x - 313.06$

=> $0.2254 = x - 313.06$

=> $x = 0.2254 + 313.06 = 313.2854$

Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 131

Sujata scored 2240 marks in an examination that is 128 marks more than the minimum passing percentage of 64%. What is the percentage of marks obtained by Meena if she scores 907 marks less than Sujata?

A   35

B   40

C   45

D   36

E   48

Answer: B

Explanation:

Let maximum marks in the examination = $100x$

Minimum passing marks = $\frac{64}{100} \times 100x = 64x$

Marks scored by Sujata = 2240

Acc to ques,

=> $64x + 128 = 2240$

=> $64x = 2240 - 128 = 2112$

=> $x = \frac{2112}{64} = 33$

=> Maximum marks = $100 \times 33 = 3300$

Marks scored by Meena = $2240 - 907 = 1333$

$\therefore$ % marks obtained by Meena $= \frac{1333}{3300} \times 100$

$= 40.39\% \approx 40\%$

Question 132

There are 8 brown balls, 4 orange balls and 5 black balls in a bag. Five balls are chosen at random. What is the probability of their being 2 brown balls, 1 orange ball and 2 black balls ?

A $\frac{191}{1547}$

B $\frac{180}{1547}$

C $\frac{280}{1547}$

D $\frac{189}{1547}$

E   None of these

   Answer: C

Explanation:

Total number of balls in the bag = 8 + 4 + 5 = 17

P(S) = Total possible outcomes

= Selecting 5 balls at random out of 17

$=> P(S) = C_5^{17} = \frac{17 \times 16 \times 15 \times 14 \times 13}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5}$

$= 6188$

P(E) = Favorable outcomes

= Selecting 2 brown, 1 orange and 2 black balls.

$=> P(E) = C_2^8 \times C_1^4 \times C_2^5$

$= \frac{8 \times 7}{1 \times 2} \times 4 \times \frac{5 \times 4}{1 \times 2}$

$= 28 \times 4 \times 10 = 1120$

$\therefore$ Required probability $= \frac{P(E)}{P(S)}$

$= \frac{1120}{6188} = \frac{280}{1547}$

General Science Notes (Download PDF)

Question 133

The ratio of the salaries of A and B is 8 : 9. If A's salary is increased by 50% and B's salary is reduced by 25%, their ratio becomes 16 : 9. What is the salary of A?

A   Rs. 22000

B   Rs. 28500

C   Rs. 37000

D   Cannot be determined

E   None of these

   Answer: D

Explanation:

Let salary of A = $Rs.8x$

=> Salary of B = $Rs.9x$

After increasing A's salary by 50 %, A's new salary = $8x + \frac{50}{100} \times 8x = 12x$

Decreasing B's salary by 25 %, B's new salary = $9x - \frac{25}{100} \times 9x = \frac{27x}{4}$

Now, ratio of A's and B's salary = $\frac{12x}{\frac{27x}{4}}$

= $\frac{16}{9}$, which is already given.

Thus, we cannot find the salary of A.

Ans - (D)

Question 134

If tax on a commodity is reduced by 10%, total revenue remains unchanged. What is the percentage increase in its consumption?

A $11\frac{1}{9}$

B 20%

C 10%

D $9\frac{1}{11}$

E None of these

Answer: A

Explanation:

Revenue = consumption $\times$ tax amount

Let consumption = 10 and tax = 10

=> Revenue = $10 \times 10 = 100$

Now, after tax is reduced by 10 %, new tax = $10 - \frac{10}{100} \times 10$

$= 10 - 1 = 9$

Total revenue remains unchanged

=> New consumption = $\frac{100}{9}$

$\therefore$ % increase in consumption = $\frac{\frac{100}{9} - 10}{10} \times 100$

$= \frac{10}{9} \times 10 = \frac{100}{9}$

$= 11\frac{1}{9}\%$

Question 135

The denominators of two fractions are 5 and 7 respectively. The sum of these fractions is 41/35 . On interchanging the numerators, their sum becomes 43/35 . The fractions are

A 1/9 and 4/7

B 3/5 and 4/7

C 4/5 and 2/7

D 3/5 and 5/7

E   None of these

    Answer: B

Explanation:
Let the two fractions be $\frac{x}{5}$ and $\frac{y}{7}$

Acc to ques,

$$=> \frac{x}{5} + \frac{y}{7} = \frac{41}{35}$$

$$=> \frac{7x+5y}{35} = \frac{41}{35}$$

$$=> 7x + 5y = 41$$

After interchanging the numerators

$$=> \frac{y}{5} + \frac{x}{7} = \frac{43}{35}$$

$$=> \frac{5x+7y}{35} = \frac{43}{35}$$

$$=> 5x + 7y = 43$$

Solving above equations, we get :

$$=> x = 3, y = 4$$

∴ Original fractions = $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{7}$

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Instructions

Read the following table carefully to answer the given questions.
Number of students enrolled in different academic faculties of 4 institutions during 2008 - 2012

College / Year	DAV College			CT College			BKM College			VP College		
	B.Ed	M.Ed	M.Sc	B.Ed	M.Ed	M.Sc	B.Ed	M.Ed	M.Sc	B.Ed	M.Ed	M.Sc
2008	330	156	675	543	457	884	1090	699	574	657	633	674
2009	534	344	1145	234	554	684	126	243	743	478	744	1185
2010	222	429	454	444	332	393	1133	723	1223	434	835	1349
2011	465	434	810	665	443	790	855	621	2374	1332	964	2234
2012	250	242	666	877	332	534	334	503	1235	334	1098	1534

Question 136

What is the average number of enrolled students in B.Ed course during 2009 ?

A   343

B   334

C   336

D   338

E   340

    Answer: A

Explanation:
Number of enrolled students in B.Ed course during 2009

= 534 + 234 + 126 + 478

= 1372

=> Required average = $\frac{1372}{4} = 343$

Question 137

How many students got admission in M.Sc. in DAV college taking all the years together?

A 3850

B 3750

C 3650

D 3950

E 4080

   Answer: B

Explanation:

Number of students who got admission in M.Sc. in DAV college taking all the years together

= 675 + 1145 + 454 + 810 + 666

= 3750

Question 138

The difference between the number of students enrolled in CT college in 2010 and that enrolled in DAV college in 2011 is

A 565

B 560

C 540

D 545

E 580

   Answer: C

Explanation:

Number of students enrolled in CT college in 2010

= 444 + 332 + 393 = 1169

Number of students enrolled in DAV college in 2011

= 465 + 434 + 810 = 1709

=> Required difference = 1709 - 1169 = 540

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Question 139

By what per cent the number of students enrolled in M.Ed. in BKM College in 2009 is more that enrolled in B.Ed in the same college in the same year?

A 87

B 88

C 89

D 93

E None of these

Answer: D

Explanation:

Number of students enrolled in M.Ed. in BKM College in 2009 = 243

Number of students enrolled in B.Ed. in BKM College in 2009 = 126

=> Required % = $\frac{243-126}{126} \times 100$

= $\frac{117}{126} \times 100 = \frac{1300}{14}$

= $92.85\% \approx 93\%$

Question 140

The ratio between the number of students enrolled in B.Ed. and M.Sc. in DAV college in 2011 is

A 31 : 54

B 54 : 31

C 52 : 27

D 27 : 52

E None of these

Answer: A

Explanation:

Number of students enrolled in B.Ed. in DAV college in 2011 = 465

Number of students enrolled in M.Sc. in DAV college in 2011 = 810

=> Required ratio = 465 : 810

= 31 : 54

RBI Grade B Previous Papers PDF

Reasoning

Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 141

Consider the following sentences :
"Nowadays the FMCG companies woo their customers or buyers by selling their goods or products in small sachets. This has increased the sale of the product."
Which of the following may be the appropriate reason for the given facts?

A People generally want to buy any products in small quantity

B FMCG companies save cost of packaging and so their profit is maximised

C It is easy to store any product in sachets so buyer prefer them

D It is possible to assess the quality of products without wasting much money when a sachets is bought

E Generally people consume the whole quality of product contained in the sachets at once and so people buy a large number of sachets at one time.

Answer: E

RBI Grade-B Study Material (Download PDF)

Instructions

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions : In a certain code language :

"demand and supply market" is written as "pa ni de re"
"market needs more demand" is written as "de ja ni fe"
"supply demand is related" is written as "le de re ab"
"more related to economics" is written as "ka ha ab ja"

Question 142

What is the code for 'economics'?

A   ab

B   ka

C   ha

D   ja

E   Either 'ka' or 'ha'

   Answer: E

Explanation:

The common word in second and third statement is '*demand*' coded as = 'de'

Also, the common word in first two statements (apart from demand) is '*market*' coded as = 'ni'

Similarly, the common word in first and third statements (apart from demand) is '*supply*' coded as = 're'

=> Only word left in first statement is '*and*' coded as = 'pa'

The common word in second and last statement is '*more*' coded as = 'ja'

=> Only word left in second statement is '*needs*' coded as = 'fe'

The common word is last two statements is '*related*' coded as = 'ab'

=> Only word left in third statement is '*is*' coded as = 'le'

Similarly, only words left in last statements are '*to*' and '*economics*' coded as = 'ka' or 'ha'

Thus, the code for 'economics' = **either 'ka' or 'ha'**

=> Ans - (E)

Question 143

Which of the following represents 'supply related market'?

A   ab ni de

B   ni re ab

C   pa ni re

D   de ab ni

E   None of these

   Answer: B

Explanation:

The common word in second and third statement is '*demand*' coded as = 'de'

Also, the common word in first two statements (apart from demand) is '*market*' coded as = 'ni'

Similarly, the common word in first and third statements (apart from demand) is '*supply*' coded as = 're'

=> Only word left in first statement is '*and*' coded as = 'pa'

The common word in second and last statement is '*more*' coded as = 'ja'

=> Only word left in second statement is '*needs*' coded as = 'fe'

The common word is last two statements is '*related*' coded as = 'ab'

=> Only word left in third statement is '*is*' coded as = 'le'

Similarly, only words left in last statements are '*to*' and '*economics*' coded as = 'ka' or 'ha'

Thus, 'supply related market' is coded as = **ni re ab**

=> Ans - (B)

Question 144

What is the code for 'more'?

A   fe

B   ni

C   de

D   ja

E   Cannot be determined

   Answer: D

Explanation:

The common word in second and third statement is '*demand*' coded as = 'de'

Also, the common word in first two statements (apart from demand) is '*market*' coded as = 'ni'

Similarly, the common word in first and third statements (apart from demand) is '*supply*' coded as = 're'

=> Only word left in first statement is '*and*' coded as = 'pa'

The common word in second and last statement is '*more*' coded as = 'ja'

=> Only word left in second statement is '*needs*' coded as = 'fe'

The common word is last two statements is '*related*' coded as = 'ab'

=> Only word left in third statement is '*is*' coded as = 'le'

Similarly, only words left in last statements are '*to*' and '*economics*' coded as = 'ka' or 'ha'

Thus, the code for 'more' = **ja**

=> Ans - (D)

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Question 145

Which of the following may represent "market needs more customers"?

A   fe ja ni sa

B   ja ni de ab

C   ni ja ka pa

D   pa ni fe re

E le re ni ja

Answer: A

Explanation:

The common word in second and third statement is '*demand*' coded as = 'de'

Also, the common word in first two statements (apart from demand) is '*market*' coded as = 'ni'

Similarly, the common word in first and third statements (apart from demand) is '*supply*' coded as = 're'

=> Only word left in first statement is '*and*' coded as = 'pa'

The common word in second and last statement is '*more*' coded as = 'ja'

=> Only word left in second statement is '*needs*' coded as = 'fe'

The common word is last two statements is '*related*' coded as = 'ab'

=> Only word left in third statement is '*is*' coded as = 'le'

Similarly, only words left in last statements are '*to*' and '*economics*' coded as = 'ka' or 'ha'

Thus, "market needs more customers" is represented by = **fe ja ni sa**

=> Ans - (A)

Question 146

What is the code for 'needs'?

A ni

B fe

C pa

D le

E None of these

Answer: B

Explanation:

The common word in second and third statement is '*demand*' coded as = 'de'

Also, the common word in first two statements (apart from demand) is '*market*' coded as = 'ni'

Similarly, the common word in first and third statements (apart from demand) is '*supply*' coded as = 're'

=> Only word left in first statement is '*and*' coded as = 'pa'

The common word in second and last statement is '*more*' coded as = 'ja'

=> Only word left in second statement is '*needs*' coded as = 'fe'

The common word is last two statements is '*related*' coded as = 'ab'

=> Only word left in third statement is '*is*' coded as = 'le'

Similarly, only words left in last statements are '*to*' and '*economics*' coded as = 'ka' or 'ha'

Thus, the code for 'needs' = **fe**

=> Ans - (B)

Question 147

Which of the following may represent "demand needs supply"?

A re fe de

B fe re ni

C de fe ja

D re de le

E de pa ab

   Answer: A

Explanation:

The common word in second and third statement is '*demand*' coded as = 'de'

Also, the common word in first two statements (apart from demand) is '*market*' coded as = 'ni'

Similarly, the common word in first and third statements (apart from demand) is '*supply*' coded as = 're'

=> Only word left in first statement is '*and*' coded as = 'pa'

The common word in second and last statement is '*more*' coded as = 'ja'

=> Only word left in second statement is '*needs*' coded as = 'fe'

The common word is last two statements is '*related*' coded as = 'ab'

=> Only word left in third statement is '*is*' coded as = 'le'

Similarly, only words left in last statements are '*to*' and '*economics*' coded as = 'ka' or 'ha'

Thus, "demand needs supply" is represented by = **re fe de**

=> Ans - (A)

Free Banking Study Material (15000 Solved Questions)

Instructions

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below :

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustation of input and various steps of rearrangement. (All the numbers are two digit numbers).Input : plan more vacation 35 56 92 nice holiday tours 84 61 12

Step I : 92 plan more vacation 35 56 nice tours 84 61 12 holiday
Step II : 92 84 plan vacation 35 56 nice tours 61 12 more holiday
Step III : 92 84 61 plan vacation 35 56 tours 12 nice more holiday
Step IV : 92 84 61 56 vacation 35 tours 12 plan nice more holiday
Step V : 92 84 61 56 35 vacation 12 tours plan nice more holiday
Step VI : 92 84 61 56 35 12 vacation tours plan nice more holiday
And Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement as the desired arrangement is obtained.
As per rules followed in the above steps, find out in each of the questions the appropriate step for the given input.
Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Question 148

Which step number is the following output?
96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

A Step II

B Step III

C Step IV

D Step V

E There is no such step

   Answer: C

Explanation:

In step I, the word with the smallest first letter alphabetically is placed at last position and the highest number is placed at first position. Then in second step, the word with second smallest first letter is placed at second last position and the second highest number is placed at second position.

Similar pattern is followed in next steps, and finally the numbers are arranged in descending order and the words are also arranged in descending order of their first letters alphabetically.

Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Step I : 96 work pays 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57 hard

Step II : 96 79 work pays 42 long run 18 25 57 in hard

Step III : 96 79 57 work pays 42 run 18 25 long in hard

Step IV : 96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

Step V : 96 79 57 42 25 work 18 run pays long in hard

Step VI : 96 79 57 42 25 18 work run pays long in hard

Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement.

=> Ans - (C)

Question 149

How many elements (words/ numbers) are there between "work" and "in" as they appear in Step III?

A Six

B Five

C Seven

D Four

E Three

   Answer: A

Explanation:

In step I, the word with the smallest first letter alphabetically is placed at last position and the highest number is placed at first position. Then in second step, the word with second smallest first letter is placed at second last position and the second highest number is placed at second position.

Similar pattern is followed in next steps, and finally the numbers are arranged in descending order and the words are also arranged in descending order of their first letters alphabetically.

Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Step I : 96 work pays 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57 hard

Step II : 96 79 work pays 42 long run 18 25 57 in hard

Step III : 96 79 57 work pays 42 run 18 25 long in hard

Step IV : 96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

Step V : 96 79 57 42 25 work 18 run pays long in hard

Step VI : 96 79 57 42 25 18 work run pays long in hard

Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement.

Number of elements between 'work' and 'in' in step III = 6

=> Ans - (A)

Question 150

Which of the following represents the positions of 'pays' in the Step II?

A   Seventh from right

B   Sixth from left

C   Eighth from right

D   Fourth from left

E   Fifth from left

  Answer: D

Explanation:
In step I, the word with the smallest first letter alphabetically is placed at last position and the highest number is placed at first position. Then in second step, the word with second smallest first letter is placed at second last position and the second highest number is placed at second position.

Similar pattern is followed in next steps, and finally the numbers are arranged in descending order and the words are also arranged in descending order of their first letters alphabetically.

Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Step I : 96 work pays 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57 hard

Step II : 96 79 work pays 42 long run 18 25 57 in hard

Step III : 96 79 57 work pays 42 run 18 25 long in hard

Step IV : 96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

Step V : 96 79 57 42 25 work 18 run pays long in hard

Step VI : 96 79 57 42 25 18 work run pays long in hard

Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement.

position of 'pays' in step II = 4th from left end

=> Ans - (D)

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Question 151

Which word/number would be at the seventh position from the right in the Setp IV?

A   work

B   run

C   long

D   18

E   25

  Answer: B

Explanation:
In step I, the word with the smallest first letter alphabetically is placed at last position and the highest number is placed at first position. Then in second step, the word with second smallest first letter is placed at second last position and the second highest number is placed at second position.

Similar pattern is followed in next steps, and finally the numbers are arranged in descending order and the words are also arranged in descending order of their first letters alphabetically.

Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Step I : 96 work pays 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57 hard

Step II : 96 79 work pays 42 long run 18 25 57 in hard

Step III : 96 79 57 work pays 42 run 18 25 long in hard

Step IV : 96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

Step V : 96 79 57 42 25 work 18 run pays long in hard

Step VI : 96 79 57 42 25 18 work run pays long in hard

Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement.

7th position from right in step IV = 'run'

=> Ans - (B)

Question 152

Which word/number would be at the ninth position from the left in the Step V?

A long

B 18

C pays

D 25

E in

   Answer: C

Explanation:
In step I, the word with the smallest first letter alphabetically is placed at last position and the highest number is placed at first position. Then in second step, the word with second smallest first letter is placed at second last position and the second highest number is placed at second position.

Similar pattern is followed in next steps, and finally the numbers are arranged in descending order and the words are also arranged in descending order of their first letters alphabetically.

Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Step I : 96 work pays 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57 hard

Step II : 96 79 work pays 42 long run 18 25 57 in hard

Step III : 96 79 57 work pays 42 run 18 25 long in hard

Step IV : 96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

Step V : 96 79 57 42 25 work 18 run pays long in hard

Step VI : 96 79 57 42 25 18 work run pays long in hard

Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement.

9th position from left in step V = 'pays'

=> Ans - (C)

Question 153

Which word/number would be third to the left of the fourth element from the right in the Step III?

A pays

B 42

C run

D 18

E work

   Answer: B

Explanation:

In step I, the word with the smallest first letter alphabetically is placed at last position and the highest number is placed at first position. Then in second step, the word with second smallest first letter is placed at second last position and the second highest number is placed at second position.

Similar pattern is followed in next steps, and finally the numbers are arranged in descending order and the words are also arranged in descending order of their first letters alphabetically.

Input : hard work pays 96 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57

Step I : 96 work pays 42 in 79 long run 18 25 57 hard

Step II : 96 79 work pays 42 long run 18 25 57 in hard

Step III : 96 79 57 work pays 42 run 18 25 long in hard

Step IV : 96 79 57 42 work run 18 25 pays long in hard

Step V : 96 79 57 42 25 work 18 run pays long in hard

Step VI : 96 79 57 42 25 18 work run pays long in hard

Step VI is the last step of the rearrangement.

4th element from right end in step III = '25'

3rd to the left of 25 in step III = '42'

=> Ans - (B)

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Instructions

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions :
Eight persons J, K, L, M, N, O, P and Q are sitting around a circular table facing the centre, but not necessarily in the same order.
• P is third to the left of M.
• O is second to the left of P.
• Only one person sits between M and L.
• 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P.
• K is third to the left of 28 years old.
• Q is second to the right of J.
• 39 year old is second to the left of N.
• 13 year old is second to the right of K.
• K is elder to N but younger than L. J is not 28 years old.
• M is 16 year old.
• 16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours.
• Ages are as 9, 13, 16, 18, 21, 28, 33, and 39.

Question 154

Who amongst the following is sitting exactly between M and L?

A   Q

B   Nine-year old

C   18-year old

D   P

E   13-year old

   Answer: C

Explanation:

P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.
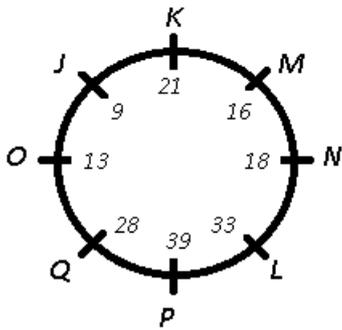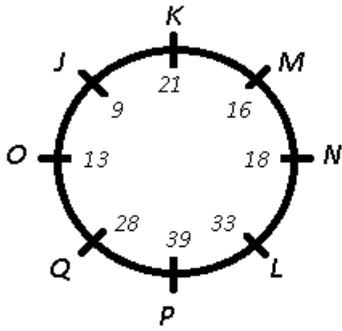
Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

18-year old N is sitting exactly between M and L.

=> Ans - (C)

Question 155

Which of the following pairs represents the immediate neighbours of 'K' ?

A   16-year old and J

B   9-year old and Q

C   M and 18-year old

D   M and 28-year old

E   L and 9-year old

   Answer: A

Explanation:

P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.
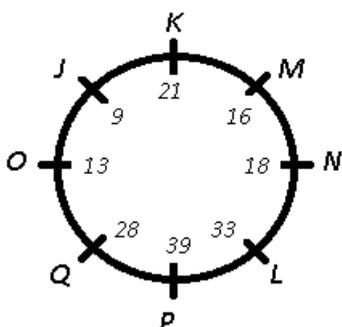
Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

16-year old (M) and J are the immediate neighbours of 'K'.

=> Ans - (A)

Question 156

What is the position of J with respect to the position of P?

A   Fourth to the left

B   Fourth to the right

C   Fifth to the left

D   Third to the left

E   Third to the right

   Answer: D

Explanation:
P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.
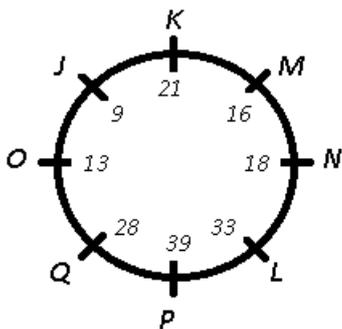
Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

J is 3rd to the left of P.

=> Ans - (D)

General Knowledge Questions & Answers (Download pdf)

Question 157

Starting from J, if all all the persons are made to sit in the alphabetical order in clockwise direction, the positions of how many (excluding J) will remain unchanged?

A   None

B   One

C   Two

D   Three

E   More than three

  Answer: B

Explanation:

P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.
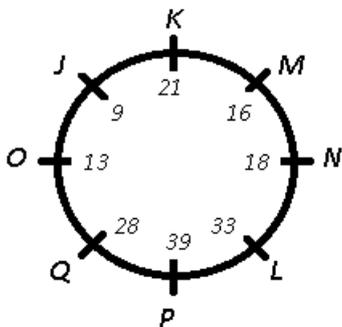
Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

Starting from J, if all all the persons are made to sit in the alphabetical order in clockwise direction, the position of only K will remain unchanged.

=> Ans - (B)

Question 158

Who among the following is sitting second to the right of 'P'?

A   O

B   9-year old

C   33 year old

D   M

E ᴺ

  Answer: E

Explanation:

P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.
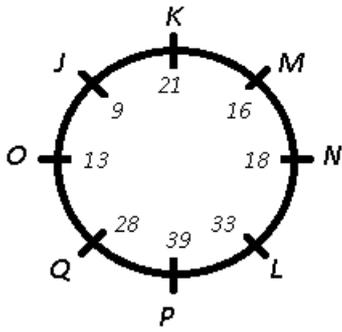
Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

N is sitting second to the right of 'P'.

=> Ans - (E)

Question 159

Who among the following is sitting just opposite to 'O' ?

A L

B N

C M

D J

E P

  Answer: B

Explanation:

P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.
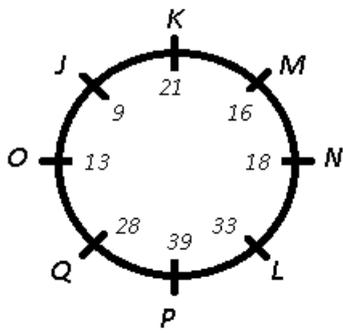
Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

N is sitting just opposite to 'O'

=> Ans - (B)

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Question 160

Who among the following is third to the left of 21-year old?

A N

B Q

C P

D L

E M

Answer: D

Explanation:
P is third to the left of M and O is second to the left of P. 28 year old is neighbour of both O and P, => 28 year old sit between O and P.

Only one person sits between M and L, => Let he sits second to the left of M.

K is third to the left of 28 years old, => K sits to the immediate right of M.

Q is second to the right of J and J is not 28 years old, => Q is 28 years old and sits between O and P, while J sits between O and K.

Now, the only vacant spot, i.e. to the immediate left of M is taken by N.

39 year old is second to the left of N, => P is 39 years old.

13 year old is second to the right of K, => O is 13 years old. Also, M is 16 year old.

K is elder to N but younger than L, => L > K > N

16 year old and 9 year old are not immediate neighbours, => From above statement L can't be 9 years old, hence J is 9 years old.

L is third to the left of 21-year old.

=> Ans - (D)

Instructions

Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions

Seven persons— A, B, C, D, K, L and N — are seated in a straight line facing north in ascending order of their salaries. N earns more than L and D. N earns more than A but he does not earn the highest. A earns more than L. The person who earns the second highest receives a salary of Rs. 35,000 while the third lowest earner receives Rs. 23,000. K earns less than L but more than D. C earns Rs. 18,000.

Question 161

Who among the following earn(s) more than Rs. 23,000 but less than Rs. 35,000?

A   Only A

B   Only L

C   A and L

D   K and L

E   A and N

   Answer: C

Explanation:
N earns more than L and D. N earns more than A, => N > L, D, A

A earns more than L, => A > L

K earns less than L but more than D, => L > K > D

Also, N does not earn the highest and C earns Rs. 18,000, combining above statements, we get :

B > N > A > L > K > D , C

N earns = Rs. 35,000 and K earns = Rs. 23,000

A and L earn more than Rs. 23,000 but less than Rs. 35,000

=> Ans - (C)

Question 162

Who among the following may earn Rs. 21,000?

A   K

B   D

C   L

D   C

E   N

Answer: B

Explanation:

N earns more than L and D. N earns more than A, => N > L, D, A

A earns more than L, => A > L

K earns less than L but more than D, => L > K > D

Also, N does not earn the highest and C earns Rs. 18,000, combining above statements, we get :

B > N > A > L > K > D , C

N earns = Rs. 35,000 and K earns = Rs. 23,000

D may earn Rs. 21,000

=> Ans - (B)

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Question 163

Who among the following earns more than K but less than A?

A   C

B   N

C   D

D   L

E   B

   Answer: D

Explanation:

N earns more than L and D. N earns more than A, => N > L, D, A

A earns more than L, => A > L

K earns less than L but more than D, => L > K > D

Also, N does not earn the highest and C earns Rs. 18,000, combining above statements, we get :

B > N > A > L > K > D , C

N earns = Rs. 35,000 and K earns = Rs. 23,000

L earns more than K but less than A.

=> Ans - (D)

Question 164

Who among the following earns the highest?

A   B

B   N

C   A

D   L

E   K

   Answer: A

Explanation:

N earns more than L and D. N earns more than A, => N > L, D, A

A earns more than L, => A > L

K earns less than L but more than D, => L > K > D

Also, N does not earn the highest and C earns Rs. 18,000, combining above statements, we get :

B > N > A > L > K > D , C

N earns = Rs. 35,000 and K earns = Rs. 23,000

B earns the highest.

=> Ans - (A)

Question 165

Who among the following earns Rs. 35,000?

A   A

B   L

C   B

D   K

E   N

   Answer: E

Explanation:

N earns more than L and D. N earns more than A, => N > L, D, A

A earns more than L, => A > L

K earns less than L but more than D, => L > K > D

Also, N does not earn the highest and C earns Rs. 18,000, combining above statements, we get :

B > N > A > L > K > D , C

N earns = Rs. 35,000 and K earns = Rs. 23,000

=> Ans - (E)

General Science Notes (Download PDF)

Instructions

In each question below are two or three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the two given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.
Give answer a:if only conclusion I follows.
Give answer b: if only conclusion II follows.
Give answer c: if either conclusion I or II follows.
Give answer d: if neither conclusion I or II follows.
Give answer e: if both conclusions I and II follow

Question 166

Statements :
Some perfumes are scents.
No scent is a bar.
No perfume is a can.
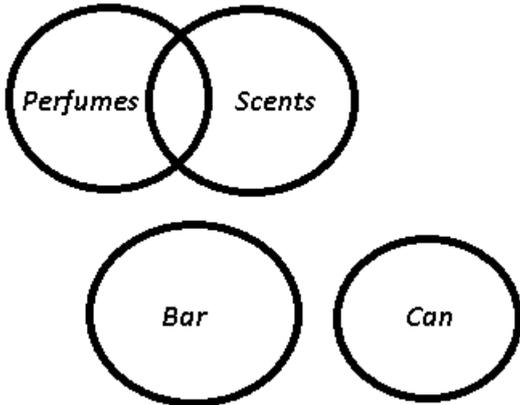**Conclusions :**
I. All scents can never be cans.
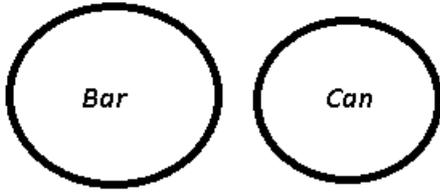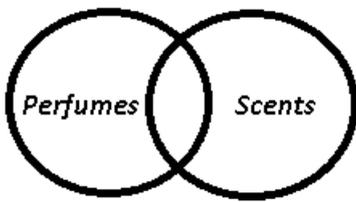**II. Some bars are cans.**

A   if only conclusion I follows.

B   if only conclusion II follows.

C   if either conclusion I or II follows.

D   if neither conclusion I or II follows.

E   if both conclusions I and II follow

   Answer: A

Explanation:
The venn diagram for above statements is :

Conclusions :

I. All scents can never be cans = true
II. Some bars are cans = false

Thus, only conclusion I follows.

=> Ans - (A)

Question 167

Statements :
Some perfumes are scents.
No scent is a bar.
No perfume is a can.
Conclusions :
I. Some cans are scents.
II. Some bars are perfumes.

A   if only conclusion I follows.

B   if only conclusion II follows.

C   if either conclusion I or II follows.

D   if neither conclusion I or II follows.

E   if both conclusions I and II follow
   Answer: D

Explanation:
The venn diagram for above statements is :

Conclusions :

I. Some cans are scents = false
II. Some bars are perfumes = false

Thus, neither conclusion I or II follows.

=> Ans - (D)

Question 168

Statements :
No shop is a factory.
Some factories are industries.
All industries are machines.
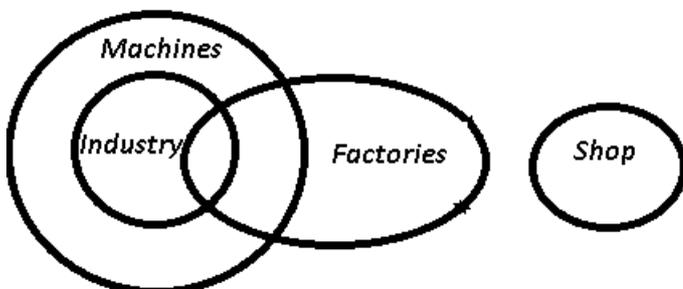**Conclusions :**
I. No industry is a shop.
II. At least some machines are factories

A   if only conclusion I follows.

B   if only conclusion II follows.

C   if either conclusion I or II follows.

D   if neither conclusion I or II follows.

E   if both conclusions I and II follow

   Answer: B

Explanation:
The venn diagram for above statements is :

Conclusions :

I. No industry is a shop = false
II. At least some machines are factories = true

Thus, only conclusion II follows.

=> Ans - (B)

Question 169

Statements :
All classes are diamonds.
No diamond is store.
All rooms are classes.
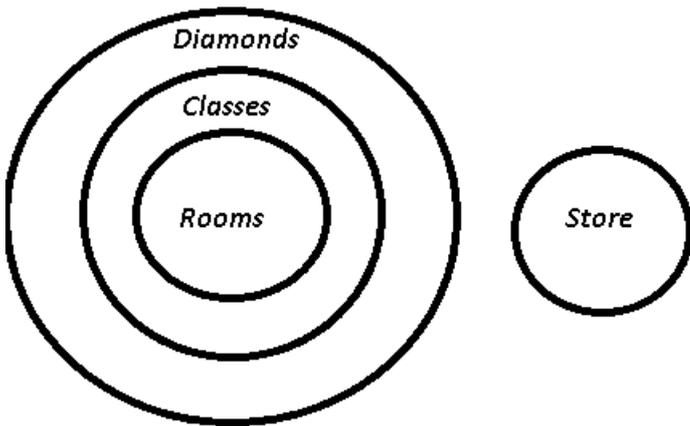**Conclusions :**
I. All rooms are diamonds.
II. At least some diamonds are classes.

A   if only conclusion I follows.

B   if only conclusion II follows.

C   if either conclusion I or II follows.

D   if neither conclusion I or II follows.

E   if both conclusions I and II follow

   Answer: E

Explanation:
The venn diagram for above statements is :

Conclusions :

I. All rooms are diamonds = true
II. At least some diamonds are classes = true

Thus, both conclusions I and II follow.

=> Ans - (E)

Question 170

Statements :
All classes are diamonds.
No diamond is store.
All rooms are classes.
Conclusions :
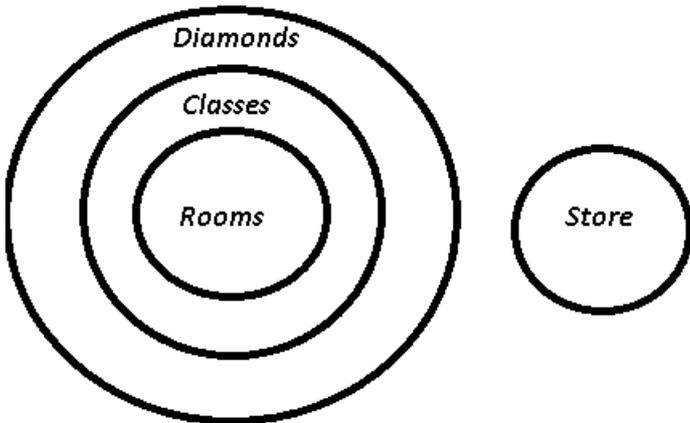**I. Some stores are classes.**
II. No room is a store.

A   if only conclusion I follows.

B   if only conclusion II follows.

C   if either conclusion I or II follows.

D   if neither conclusion I or II follows.

E   if both conclusions I and II follow

Answer: B

Explanation:
The venn diagram for above statements is :

Conclusions :

I. Some stores are classes = false
II. No room is a store = true

Thus, only conclusion II follows.

=> Ans - (B)

Question 171

Statements :
Some prizes are winners.
All winners are students.
Conclusions :
I. At least some winners are prizes.
II. At least some students are winners.

A   if only conclusion I follows.

B   if only conclusion II follows.
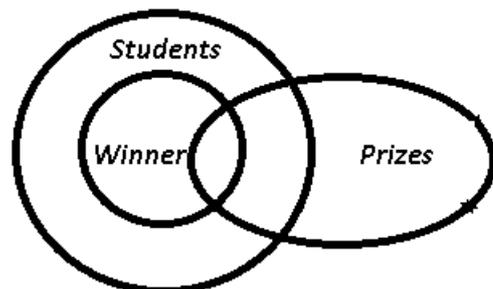
C   if either conclusion I or II follows.

D   if neither conclusion I or II follows.

E   if both conclusions I and II follow

Answer: E

Explanation:
The venn diagram for above statements is :

Conclusions :

I. At least some winners are prizes = true

II. At least some students are winners = true

Thus, both conclusions I and II follow.

=> Ans - (E)

3 Free Mock for RBI Grade-B (With Solutions)

Instructions

In these questions relationship between different elements is shown in the statements.
The statements are followed by two conclusions.
Give answer a:if only Conclusion I is true.
Give answer b: if only Conclusion II is true.
Give answer c: if only Conclusion I or II is true.
Give answer d: if neither Conclusion I not II is true.
Give answer e: if both Conclusions I and II are true.

Question 172

Statements :
E ≥ F = G: I = T; T ≤ G
Conclusions :
I. I < E
II. I = E

A   if only Conclusion I is true.

B   if only Conclusion II is true.

C   if only Conclusion I or II is true.

D   if neither Conclusion I not II is true.

E   if both Conclusions I and II are true.

   Answer: C

Question 173

Statements :
G > H < T ; I > F ; H > J
Conclusions :
I. J < G
II. F < H

A   if only Conclusion I is true.

B   if only Conclusion II is true.

C   if only Conclusion I or II is true.

D   if neither Conclusion I not II is true.

E   if both Conclusions I and II are true.

   Answer: A

Question 174

Statements :
V > W < X ; X < Y; Z > X
Conclusions :
I. Z > V
II. Y > W

A if only Conclusion I is true.

B if only Conclusion II is true.

C if only Conclusion I or II is true.

D if neither Conclusion I not II is true.

E if both Conclusions I and II are true.

   Answer: B

Question 175

Statements :
M > N > P; O > P; S < P
Conclusions :
I. S < M
II. O < M

A if only Conclusion I is true.

B if only Conclusion II is true.

C if only Conclusion I or II is true.

D if neither Conclusion I not II is true.

E if both Conclusions I and II are true.

   Answer: A

Question 176

Statements :
A > E > F; G > F; M > A
Conclusions :
I. M > E
II. G < A

A if only Conclusion I is true.

B if only Conclusion II is true.

C if only Conclusion I or II is true.

D if neither Conclusion I not II is true.

E if both Conclusions I and II are true.

   Answer: A

Instructions

In the following questions, the symbols δ,
#, @ and * are used with the following meaning as illustrated below :
`P # Q' means `P is neither greater than nor smaller than Q'.
'P δ Q' means 'P is not smaller than Q'.
`P @ Q' means 'P is neither smaller than nor equal to Q'.
'P * Q' means 'P is not greater than Q'.

P % Q' means `P is neither greater than nor equal to Q'.

Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the three conclusions I, II and III given below them is/are definitely true and give your answer accordingly.

Question 177

Statements :
D % F, F % H, H * N
Conclusions :
I. N @ F
II. D % N
III. H % D

A   None is true

B   Only I is true

C   Only II is true

D   Only III is true

E   Only I and II are true

   Answer: A

Explanation:
Statements : D < F , F < H , H ≤ N

Conclusions :

I. N @ F : N > F : false
II. D % N : D < N : false
III. H % D : H < D : false

Thus, none is true

=> Ans - (A)

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Question 178

Statements :
B δ D, D % T, T * M
Conclusions :
I. B @ T
II. M @ D
III. B @ M

A   Only I is true

B   Only II is true

C   Only III is true

D   Only II and III are true

E   None of these

   Answer: B

Explanation:
Statements : B ≥ D ; D < T ; T ≤ M

Combining above statements, we get : $M \geq T > D$ and $B \geq D$

Conclusions :

I. B @ T : B > T : false
II. M @ D : M > D : true
III. B @ M : B > M : false

Thus, only II is true.

=> Ans - (B)

Question 179

Statements :
K # W, M @ W, R δ M
Conclusions :
I. K % M
II. W % R
III. R @ K

A   Only I and II are true

B   Only I and III are true

C   Only II and III are true

D   All I, II and III are true

E   None of these

   Answer: D

Explanation:

Statements : K = W ; M > W ; R $\geq$ M

Combining above statements, we get : $R \geq M > W = K$

Conclusions :

I. K % M : K < M : true
II. W % R : W < R : true
III. R @ K : R > K : true

Thus, all I, II and III are true

=> Ans - (D)

Question 180

Statements :
M @ K, K δ T, T # J
Conclusions :
I. J # K
II. M @ J
III. J % K

A   Only I is true

B   Only II is true

C   Only III is true

D   Only either I or III is true

E   Only either I or III and II are true

   Answer: E

Explanation:

Statements : M > K ; K $\geq$ T ; T = J

Combining above statements, we get : $M > K \geq T = J$

Conclusions :

I. J # K : J = K : may or may not be true
II. M @ J : M > J : true
III. J % K : J < K : may or may not be true

Thus, only either I or III and II are true.

=> Ans - (E)

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Question 181

Statements :
R * N, N % B, B # T
Conclusions :
I. B @ R
II. T @ N
III. R % T

A   Only I and II are true

B   Only I and III are true

C   Only II and III are true

D   All I, II and III are true

E   None of these

Answer: D

Explanation:

Statements : R $\leq$ N ; N < B ; B = T

Combining above statements, we get : $T = B > N \geq R$

Conclusions :

I. B @ R : B > R : true
II. T @ N : T > N : true
III. R % T : R < T : true

Thus, all I, II and III are true.

=> Ans - (D)

Instructions

In each question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.
Give answer a:if only assumption I is implicit.
Give answer b: if only assumption II is implicit.
Give answer c: if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.
Give answer d: if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.
Give answer e: if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

Question 182

Statement : Job rotation helps employees get an overview of the organisation.
Assumptions :
I. Job rotation is the only method to get an overview of the organisation.
II. It is required to have an overview of the organisation.

A   if only assumption I is implicit.

B   if only assumption II is implicit.

C   if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.

D   if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

E   if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

   Answer: B

Question 183

Statement : Let us appoint Ms. X as the CEO of our Company so that the Company's products are also perceived to be genuine.
Assumptions :
I. CEO can change the perception of products.
II. Perception is same as the actual reality.

A   if only assumption I is implicit.

B   if only assumption II is implicit.

C   if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.

D   if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

E   if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

   Answer: A

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Question 184

Statement : An advertisement— The new model has been launched with K-series engine.
Assumptions :
I. People know about K-series engine.
II. Engine type/series is important for buyers.

A   if only assumption I is implicit.

B   if only assumption II is implicit.

C   if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.

D   if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

E   if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

   Answer: E

Question 185

Statement : Mohan tells Nita, "Let us meet over lunch tomorrow".
Assumptions :
I. Lunch timings are known to both.
II. Both are aware of the venue for lunch.

A   if only assumption I is implicit.

B   if only assumption II is implicit.

C   if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.

D   if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

E   if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

   Answer: E

Question 186

Statement : You need to be talented to identify talent.
Assumptions :
I. Talent is acquired and developed.
II. Talent is hereditary.

A   if only assumption I is implicit.

B   if only assumption II is implicit.

C   if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.

D   if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

E   if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

   Answer: A

Question 187

Statement : The movie is a super-duper hit and has broken all the records.
Assumptions :
I. There is no authentic criterion to judge a hit or a flop.
II. The performance of earlier movies is known.

A   if only assumption I is implicit.

B   if only assumption II is implicit.

C   if either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.

D   if neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

E   if both assumptions I and II are implicit.

   Answer: B

Instructions

Below in each question are given two statements (A) and (B). These
statements may be either independent causes or may be effects of independent causes or a common cause. One of

these statements may be the effect of the other statement. Read both the statements and decide which of the following answer choice correctly depicts the relationship between these two statements.
Mark answer a:if statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect.
Mark answer b: if statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effect.
Mark answer c: if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent causes.
Mark answer d: if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes.
Mark answer e: if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some common cause.

Question 188

a:Government has increased number of buses plying between Mumbal and Surat.
b: The government has allowed private bus owners to operate between Mumbai and Surat.

A   if statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect.

B   if statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effect.

C   if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent causes.

D   if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes.

E   if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some common cause.

  Answer: B

Question 189

a:The association of management colleges conducted a combined admission exam for all the institutes this year.
b: As the dates for entrance exam for many management colleges clashed last year, many candidates complained that they could not appear for a number of entrance exams.

A   if statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect.

B   if statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effect.

C   if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent causes.

D   if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes.

E   if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some common cause.

  Answer: B

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Question 190

a:The department store owner put cameras for surveillance of the store.
b: Many products were reported missing by the staff working in the departmental store.

A   if statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect.

B   if statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effect.

C   if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent causes.

D   if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes.

E   if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some common cause.

  Answer: B

Instructions

Study the following information to answer the given questions.
V, U and T are seated in a circle facing the centre. A, B and C are also seated in the same circle but two of them are not facing the centre (facing opposite direction of the centre). V is second to the left of C. U is second to the right of A. B is third to the left of T. C is second to the right of T. A is seated next to V.

Question 191

Which of the following is V's position with respect to C ?

A   Second to the right

B   Third to the left

C   Fourth to the right

D   Fourth to the left

E   Cannot be determined

Answer: C

Explanation:

B is third to the left of T, => B sits opposite T and T faces the centre.
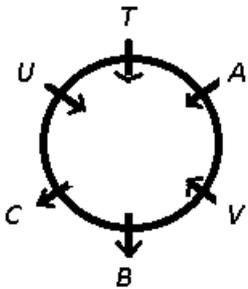
Also, C is second to the right of T.

V is second to the left of C, => C faces outside and V sits 2nd to its left (∵ if C faces inside, then 2nd to its left is occupied by T).

A is seated next to V, => A sits to the immediate left of T.

U is second to the right of A, => A faces inside, and U is to the immediate right of T.

Thus, B faces outside.

V is 4th to the right of C.

=> Ans - (C)

Question 192

Which of the following is true regarding the seating arrangement?

A   A, B and C are seated adjacent

B   V, U and T are seated adjacent

C   There are two persons whose seating arrangement cannot be ascertained

D   Those not facing the centre are seated adjacent

E   There are only two persons seated between V and T

Answer: D

Explanation:

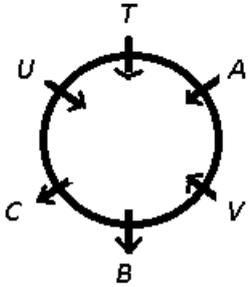B is third to the left of T, => B sits opposite T and T faces the centre.

Also, C is second to the right of T.

V is second to the left of C, => C faces outside and V sits 2nd to its left (∵ if C faces inside, then 2nd to its left is occupied by T).

A is seated next to V, => A sits to the immediate left of T.

U is second to the right of A, => A faces inside, and U is to the immediate right of T.

Thus, B faces outside.

The only true statement is that those not facing the centre are seated adjacent.

=> Ans - (D)

General Knowledge Questions & Answers (Download pdf)

Question 193

Which of the following is A's position with respect to U ?

A   Second to the left

B   Second to the right

C   Third to the right

D   Cannot be determined

E   None of these

   Answer: A

Explanation:
B is third to the left of T, => B sits opposite T and T faces the centre.
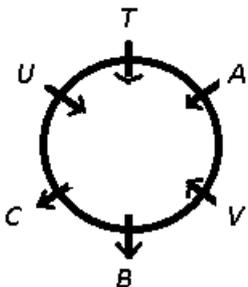
Also, C is second to the right of T.

V is second to the left of C, => C faces outside and V sits 2nd to its left (∵ if C faces inside, then 2nd to its left is occupied by T).

A is seated next to V, => A sits to the immediate left of T.

U is second to the right of A, => A faces inside, and U is to the immediate right of T.

Thus, B faces outside.

A sits 2nd to the left of U.

=> Ans - (A)

Instructions

In each question below is given a statement followed by two "Expectations" numbered I and II. An Expectation is something which can either be an objective or prospect or desired outcome or hope behind the action /statement. You have to consider the statement and the following Expectations and decide which of the Expectations is implicit in the statement.
Give answer a:if only Expectation I is implicit.
Give answer b: if only Expectation II is implicit.
Give answer c: if either Expectation I or II Expectation II is implicit.
Give answer d: if neither Expectation I nor Expectation II is implicit.
Give answer e: if both Expectations I and II are implicit.

Question 194

Statement : A promotional campaign - For healthy children encourage them to play in the playgrounds rather than video games at home.
Expectations :
I. Health of atleast some children would improve following this campaign.
II. Most of the parents would not buy video games for their children after this promotional campaign.

A   if only Expectation I is implicit.

B   if only Expectation II is implicit.

C   if either Expectation I or II Expectation II is implicit.

D   if neither Expectation I nor Expectation II is implicit.

E   if both Expectations I and II are implicit.

  Answer: E

Question 195

Statement : 'We should export the surplus of wheat in order to utilize its over-production this year'.
Expectations :
I. Knowing that the exported wheat is a part of the surplus of the total production, many countries would not pay the desired amount for it.
II. Some countries are willing to import wheat.

A   if only Expectation I is implicit.

B   if only Expectation II is implicit.

C   if either Expectation I or II Expectation II is implicit.

D   if neither Expectation I nor Expectation II is implicit.

E   if both Expectations I and II are implicit.

  Answer: B

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Instructions

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below :
Seven representatives of a company — Samir, Nita, Richa, Shweta, Gifty, Paul and Mohit — travelled to three different countries i.e. South Africa, Australia and France. Each of them travelled on different days of the week (no two persons travelled on the same day), starting on Monday and ending on Sunday. Minimum two people travelled to each country and South Africa is the only country to which three people travelled. Samir travelled to South Africa on Monday. Paul

travelled to Australia but neither on Tuesday nor on Saturday. Mohit travelled on Sunday but not to France. The one who travelled to Australia travelled on Tuesday and the one who travelled to France travelled on Saturday. Gifty travelled on Wednesday. Richa travelled to South Africa but not on Thursday. Nita did not travel to France.

Question 196

If everyone's trip is postponed by one day, who will be travelling on Wednesday?

A   Paul

B   Richa

C   Nita

D   Gifty

E   None of these

   Answer: C

Explanation:
Samir travelled to South Africa on Monday and South Africa is the only country to which three people travelled.

The one who travelled to Australia travelled on Tuesday and the one who travelled to France travelled on Saturday.

Mohit travelled on Sunday but not to France, => Mohit travelled to South Africa.

Gifty travelled on Wednesday. Richa travelled to South Africa but not on Thursday, => Paul travelled to Australia on Thursday and thus, Richa travelled to South Africa on Friday.

=> Gifty travelled to France on Wednesday.

Nita did not travel to France, => Shweta travelled to France on Saturday and Nita travelled to Australia.

Days	Person	Country
Monday	Samir	South Africa
Tuesday	Nita	Australia
Wednesday	Gifty	France
Thursday	Paul	Australia
Friday	Richa	South Africa
Saturday	Shweta	France
Sunday	Mohit	South Africa

If everyone's trip is postponed by one day, then the person who is currently travelling on Tuesday i.e., Nita will travel on Wednesday.

=> Ans - (C)

Question 197

Who amongst the seven representatives travelled on Saturday ?

A   Shweta

B   Nita

C   Richa

D   Cannot be determined

E   None of these

   Answer: A

Explanation:
Samir travelled to South Africa on Monday and South Africa is the only country to which three people travelled.

The one who travelled to Australia travelled on Tuesday and the one who travelled to France travelled on Saturday.

Mohit travelled on Sunday but not to France, => Mohit travelled to South Africa.

Gifty travelled on Wednesday. Richa travelled to South Africa but not on Thursday, => Paul travelled to Australia on Thursday and thus, Richa travelled to South Africa on Friday.

=> Gifty travelled to France on Wednesday.

Nita did not travel to France, => Shweta travelled to France on Saturday and Nita travelled to Australia.

Days	Person	Country
Monday	Samir	South Africa
Tuesday	Nita	Australia
Wednesday	Gifty	France
Thursday	Paul	Australia
Friday	Richa	South Africa
Saturday	Shweta	France
Sunday	Mohit	South Africa

Shweta travelled on Saturday.

=> Ans - (A)

Question 198

Which one of the following combinations is true according to the given information ?

A Paul - Thursday- South Africa

B Shweta - Wednesday France

C Mohit - Monday - South Africa

D Richa - Friday - Australia:

E None is true

   Answer: E

Explanation:
Samir travelled to South Africa on Monday and South Africa is the only country to which three people travelled.

The one who travelled to Australia travelled on Tuesday and the one who travelled to France travelled on Saturday.

Mohit travelled on Sunday but not to France, => Mohit travelled to South Africa.

Gifty travelled on Wednesday. Richa travelled to South Africa but not on Thursday, => Paul travelled to Australia on Thursday and thus, Richa travelled to South Africa on Friday.

=> Gifty travelled to France on Wednesday.

Nita did not travel to France, => Shweta travelled to France on Saturday and Nita travelled to Australia.

Days	Person	Country
Monday	Samir	South Africa
Tuesday	Nita	Australia
Wednesday	Gifty	France
Thursday	Paul	Australia
Friday	Richa	South Africa
Saturday	Shweta	France
Sunday	Mohit	South Africa

Clearly, none of the given options is true.

=> Ans - (E)

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Question 199

To which country and on which day did Nita travel ?

A Wednesday, South Africa

B Friday, Australia

C Thursday, Australia

D Tuesday, Australia

E None of these

   Answer: D

Explanation:

Samir travelled to South Africa on Monday and South Africa is the only country to which three people travelled.

The one who travelled to Australia travelled on Tuesday and the one who travelled to France travelled on Saturday.

Mohit travelled on Sunday but not to France, => Mohit travelled to South Africa.

Gifty travelled on Wednesday. Richa travelled to South Africa but not on Thursday, => Paul travelled to Australia on Thursday and thus, Richa travelled to South Africa on Friday.

=> Gifty travelled to France on Wednesday.

Nita did not travel to France, => Shweta travelled to France on Saturday and Nita travelled to Australia.

Days	Person	Country
Monday	Samir	South Africa
Tuesday	Nita	Australia
Wednesday	Gifty	France
Thursday	Paul	Australia
Friday	Richa	South Africa
Saturday	Shweta	France
Sunday	Mohit	South Africa

Nita travelled to Australia on Tuesday.

=> Ans - (D)

Question 200

Who was the last one to travel?

A   Samir

B   Richa

C   Mohit

D   Shweta

E   None of these

   Answer: C

Explanation:

Samir travelled to South Africa on Monday and South Africa is the only country to which three people travelled.

The one who travelled to Australia travelled on Tuesday and the one who travelled to France travelled on Saturday.

Mohit travelled on Sunday but not to France, => Mohit travelled to South Africa.

Gifty travelled on Wednesday. Richa travelled to South Africa but not on Thursday, => Paul travelled to Australia on Thursday and thus, Richa travelled to South Africa on Friday.

=> Gifty travelled to France on Wednesday.

Nita did not travel to France, => Shweta travelled to France on Saturday and Nita travelled to Australia.

Days	Person	Country
Monday	Samir	South Africa
Tuesday	Nita	Australia
Wednesday	Gifty	France
Thursday	Paul	Australia
Friday	Richa	South Africa
Saturday	Shweta	France
Sunday	Mohit	South Africa

Mohit was the last one to travel as he travelled on Sunday.

=> Ans - (C)

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